Unit 12 Key Assessment Opportunities Chart

Unit 12 Expectations	Co	Taken from <i>Math Trailblazers</i> digital Teacher Guide	Think About Strategies for Solving Problems**	SAB Doubles Problems	Doubles and Halves**	SAB Doubles and Near Doubles Check-In: Q# 1–3**	Two More Problems**	SAB True or False Check-In: Q# F–G	SAB Find the Missing Numbers Check-In: Q# G–K	SAB Self-Check Addition Practice Menu	SAB More Nan and Bert Problems Check-In: Q# 3**	SAB How Many in the Bag Check-In: Q# 2	SAB Use Strategies**	SAB Subtraction Practice Menu Self-Check	SAB Counting Strategies Check-In: Q# G-H	SAB Use Other Facts: Small Numbers Check-In: Q# F-G	SAB Use Other Facts: Larger Numbers Check-In: Q# D-E
Number Numbers, and represent numbers in multiple ways. E1 Represent doubles, near doubles, and halves using counters, pictures, and number sentences (Algebra 3) [1.0A.1, 2, MP2, 4] E2 Represent addition and subtraction using stories, drawings, diagrams, counters, number sentences, number lines, or ten frames. (Algebra 3) [1.0A.1, 2, MP1, 5] Number Operations: Understand the meaning of numerical operations and their application for solving problems. E3 Solve word problems (e.g., join, separate/take away, part-whole, compare) involving two whole numbers whose sum is between 10 and 20. [1.0A.1, 2, 4, 8, MP1] E4 Recognize that the equal sign represents the relationship between two equal quantifies. (Algebra 3) [1.0A.7, MP1, 2, 4] Number Computation and Estimation: Use efficient and flexible procedures to compute accurately and make reasonable estimates. Use mental math strategies and reasoning strategies (e.g., using doubles, using ten, making ten) to solve addition problems with sums between 10 and 20 and the related subtraction problems. [1.0A.1, 3, 6, MP2, 3, 5] Use strategies that apply the properties of addition (e.g., turn around, compose and decompose numbers) to solve addition and	 	•	1														L10 SAB
E1 Represent doubles, near doubles, and halves using counters, pictures, and number sentences (Algebra 3) [1.0A.1, 2, MP2, 4]	Nı	mber Number Sense: Understand the base-ten number system													<u> </u>		۲
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E5* doubles, using ten, making ten) to solve addition problems with sums between 10 and 20 and the related subtraction problems. [1.0A.1, 3, 6, MP2, 3, 5] Use strategies that apply the properties of addition (e.g., turn around, compose and decompose numbers) to solve addition and	Transport																
E6 [⋆] around, compose and decompose numbers) to solve addition and	E	doubles, using ten, making ten) to solve addition problems with sums between 10 and 20 and the related subtraction problems.	×		×	×	×			×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
subtraction problems. (Algebra 4) [1.OA.1, 3, 6, MP2, 3, 5]	E		×				×			×	×	×	×	×		×	×
Find the unknown whole number in an addition or subtraction equation relating three whole numbers. (Algebra 4) [1.OA.4, 8]	E	7* equation relating three whole numbers. (Algebra 4) [1.OA.4, 8]	×						×			×	×				

^{*} Denotes Benchmark Expectation
** Includes Feedback Box

E8* Demonstrate fluency with the addition facts in Group A (0 + 1, 1 + 1, 2 + 1, 3 + 1, 0 + 2, 2 + 2, 3 + 2, 4 + 2, (1,0A 6) E9* Determine the unknown number in an addition or subtraction sentence relating three whole numbers for the facts in Group A. (Algebra 4) E9* relating three whole numbers for the facts in Group A. (Algebra 4) E9* Page 1.0 A 3, 4, 8] Math Practices Mat		Nath	Facts Computation and Estimation: Use efficient and flexible and make reasonable estimates.	proce	sa II TG DPP Item A Addition Flash Cards: Group: A	L TG DPP Item B Fact Families: Group A	and IS TG DPP Item Y How Many	L8 TG DPP Item Z Addition Facts Quiz: Group A	TG DPP Item AA Fact Family Quiz: Group A			
### Check for reasonableness. I look back at my solution to see if my answer makes sense. If it does not, I ry again. [MP2, 5] ### Check for reasonableness. I look back at my solution to see if my answer makes sense. If it does not, I ry again. [MP2, 3] ### Show my work. I show or tell how I arrived at my answer so someone else can understand my thinking. [MP2, 3]		E8*	Demonstrate fluency with the addition facts in Group A (0 + 1, 1 + 1, 3 + 1, 0 + 2, 2 + 2, 3 + 2, 4 + 2. [1.0A.6]	2 + 1,	×		×	×				
Math Practices Math Practices Math Problem. Tread the problem carefully. I know Mount in formation is important. MPE1 the questions to answer and what information is important. MPE1 the questions to answer and what information is important. MPE2 Find a strategy. I choose good tools and an efficient strategy for solving the problem. MPE2, 5] MPE4 Check for reasonableness. I look back at my solution to see if my answer makes sense. If it does not, I try again. MPE2 MPE3 Check for reasonableness. I look back at my solution to see if my answer makes sense. If it does not, I try again. MPE2 MPE3 Check for reasonableness. I look back at my solution to see if my answer makes sense. If it does not, I try again. MPE3 Check for reasonableness. I look back at my solution to see if my answer makes sense. If it does not, I try again. MPE3 Check for reasonableness. I look back at my solution to see if my answer makes sense. If it does not, I try again. MPE3 Check for reasonableness. I look back at my solution to see if my answer makes sense. If it does not, I try again. MPE3 Check for reasonableness. I look back at my solution to see if my answer makes sense. If it does not, I try again. MPE3 Check for reasonableness. I look back at my solution to see if my answer makes sense. If it does not, I try again. MPE3 Check for reasonableness. I look back at my answer so someone else can understand my thinking. MPE3 Show my work. I show or tell how I arrived at my answer so someone else can understand my thinking. MPE3 Show my work. I show or tell how I arrived at my answer so someone else can understand my thinking. MPE3 Show my work. I show or tell how I arrived at my answer so someone else can understand my thinking. MPE3 Show my work. I show or tell how I arrived at my answer so someone else can understand my thinking. MPE3 Show my		E9*	relating three whole numbers for the facts in Group A. (Algebra 4)			×			×			
MPE1 the questions to answer and what information is important. [MP1] MPE2 Find a strategy. I choose good tools and an efficient strategy for solving the problem. [MP2, 5] MPE3 Check for reasonableness. I look back at my solution to see if my answer makes sense. If it does not, I try again. [MP2] MPE4 Check my calculations. If I make mistakes, I correct them. MPE5 Show my work. I show or tell how I arrived at my answer so someone else can understand my thinking. [MP2, 3]		Nath	Practices		SAB Dou	SAB Doubles and Near Doubles Check-In: Q#	SAB Even or Odd Check-In: Q#	SAB Two	SAB True	SAB Find the Missing Numbers CheckIn: Q#	SAB How Many in the Bag Check-In: Q#	SAB Use
[MP1] MPE2 Find a strategy. I choose good tools and an efficient strategy for solving the problem. [MP2, 5] MPE3 Check for reasonableness. I look back at my solution to see if my answer makes sense. If it does not, I try again. [MP2] MPE4 Check my calculations. If I make mistakes, I correct them. MPE5 Show my work. I show or tell how I arrived at my answer so someone else can understand my thinking. [MP2, 3]	<u>ا</u>			×		×						×
MPE3 Check for reasonableness. I look back at my solution to see if my answer makes sense. If it does not, I try again. [MP2] MPE4 Check my calculations. If I make mistakes, I correct them. MPE5 Show my work. I show or tell how I arrived at my answer so someone else can understand my thinking. [MP2, 3]	$ $ \vdash	MDE2	[MP1] Find a strategy. I choose good tools and an efficient									
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MPE5 Show my work. I show or tell how I arrived at my answer so someone else can understand my thinking. [MP2, 3]	ŀ		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,									
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Denotes Benchmark Expectation Includes Feedback Box