

Student Activity Book

Professor Peabody's Problems  
(SAB pp. 245–248)

Questions 1–4

1.\* Professor Peabody is incorrect.

Possible response: Emily has more loose cubes than Josh, but the total value of her cubes is only 19. Josh's total is 21.

Number sentence for Emily's cubes:

$$10 + 9 = 19$$

Number sentence for Josh's cubes:

$$20 + 1 = 21$$

2.\* Possible response: Professor Peabody is wrong. Sara has only 5 pieces and Luis has 10 pieces, but Sara's pieces have a greater value. You can't just count the number of pieces. You have to think about their value.

Number sentence for Sara's cubes:  $30 + 2 = 32$

Number sentence for Luis's cubes:  $10 + 9 = 19$

Copyright © Kendall Hunt Publishing Company

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

### Professor Peabody's Problems

Solve the following problems with connecting cubes.

- Emily and Josh each grabbed a handful of connecting cubes. They counted them and grouped them.

**Emily**

**Josh**

Professor Peabody said, "Emily has more because she has nine loose cubes and Josh has only one."

Is Professor Peabody right? \_\_\_\_\_  
Show or tell how you know.

Write a number sentence for Emily's cubes.  
\_\_\_\_\_

Write a number sentence for Josh's cubes.  
\_\_\_\_\_

Copyright © Kendall Hunt Publishing Company

---

Every Number Has Its Place SAB • Grade 2 • Unit 5 • Lesson 4 **245**

Student Activity Book - Page 245

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

- Sara shows 32 connecting cubes on her recording sheet. Luis shows 19.

**Sara**

**Luis**

Professor Peabody said, "Luis has more because he has 10 pieces and Sara has only 5." How would you help Professor Peabody? Explain.

Write a number sentence for Sara's cubes.  
\_\_\_\_\_

Write a number sentence for Luis's cubes.  
\_\_\_\_\_

Copyright © Kendall Hunt Publishing Company

---


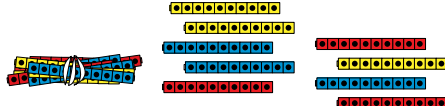
246 SAB • Grade 2 • Unit 5 • Lesson 4 Every Number Has Its Place

Student Activity Book - Page 246

\*Answers and/or discussion are included in the lesson.

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

3. Professor Peabody found a bag of buttons. There were 109 buttons in the bag. He used connecting cubes to model the number. Did Professor Peabody model 109 correctly?

Show or tell how you know.

Draw a correct model for 109 pieces.

Write a number sentence for your model.

Copyright © Kendall Hunt Publishing Company

---

Every Number Has Its Place SAB • Grade 2 • Unit 5 • Lesson 4 **247**

3.\* No, Professor Peabody did not model 109 correctly.

Possible response: Professor Peabody shows 100 correctly, but he uses 9 stacks of ten instead of 9 single cubes to show 9 ones. He shows 190, not 109.




$$100 + 9 = 109$$


4.\* I disagree with Professor Peabody.

$40 + 5 = 50 + 4$  is not a true number sentence.

Possible response:



45



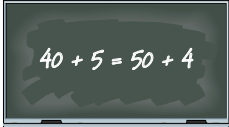

54

$$45 < 54$$

**Student Activity Book - Page 247**

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

4. Professor Peabody wrote this number sentence on the board:

I think 4 tens plus 5 ones is equal to 5 tens plus 4 ones.

Do you agree with Professor Peabody? Is  $40 + 5 = 50 + 4$  a true number sentence? Show or tell how you know.

Copyright © Kendall Hunt Publishing Company

---

248 SAB • Grade 2 • Unit 5 • Lesson 4 **Every Number Has Its Place**

**Student Activity Book - Page 248**

\*Answers and/or discussion are included in the lesson.

**Building Numbers (SAB pp. 249–250)**  
**Questions 1–8**

Possible responses for Questions 1–5:

1.

| Number | Tens | Ones | Number Sentence |
|--------|------|------|-----------------|
| 40     | 2    | 20   | $20 + 20 = 40$  |
| 40     | 3    | 10   | $30 + 10 = 40$  |

2.

| Number | Tens | Ones | Number Sentence |
|--------|------|------|-----------------|
| 67     | 3    | 37   | $30 + 37 = 67$  |
| 67     | 5    | 17   | $50 + 17 = 67$  |

3.

| Number | Tens | Ones | Number Sentence |
|--------|------|------|-----------------|
| 98     | 5    | 48   | $50 + 48 = 98$  |
| 98     | 3    | 68   | $30 + 68 = 98$  |

4.

| Number | Hundreds | Tens | Ones | Number Sentence      |
|--------|----------|------|------|----------------------|
| 111    | 1        | 1    | 1    | $100 + 10 + 1 = 111$ |
| 111    |          | 10   | 11   | $100 + 11 = 111$     |

5.\*

| Number | Hundreds | Tens | Ones | Number Sentence      |
|--------|----------|------|------|----------------------|
| 123    | 1        | 2    | 3    | $100 + 20 + 3 = 123$ |
| 123    |          | 10   | 23   | $100 + 23 = 123$     |

6.

| Number | Tens | Ones | Number Sentence |
|--------|------|------|-----------------|
| 54     | 5    | 4    | $50 + 4 = 54$   |
| 54     | 4    | 14   | $40 + 14 = 54$  |

7.\*

| Number | Tens | Ones | Number Sentence |
|--------|------|------|-----------------|
| 37     | 3    | 7    | $30 + 7 = 37$   |
| 37     | 2    | 17   | $20 + 17 = 37$  |

8.

| Number | Tens | Ones | Number Sentence |
|--------|------|------|-----------------|
| 70     | 7    | 0    | $70 + 0 = 70$   |
| 70     | 6    | 10   | $60 + 10 = 70$  |

Copyright © Kendall Hunt Publishing Company

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

### Building Numbers

Use connecting cubes to build each number in two ways. Write a number sentence for each way.

**Example:**

| Number | Tens | Ones | Number Sentence |
|--------|------|------|-----------------|
| 23     | 2    | 3    | $20 + 3 = 23$   |
| 23     | 1    | 13   | $10 + 13 = 23$  |

1.

| Number | Tens | Ones | Number Sentence |
|--------|------|------|-----------------|
| 40     |      |      |                 |
| 40     |      |      |                 |

2.

| Number | Tens | Ones | Number Sentence |
|--------|------|------|-----------------|
| 67     |      |      |                 |
| 67     |      |      |                 |

3.

| Number | Tens | Ones | Number Sentence |
|--------|------|------|-----------------|
| 98     |      |      |                 |
| 98     |      |      |                 |

Every Number Has Its Place SAB • Grade 2 • Unit 5 • Lesson 4 **249**

**Student Activity Book - Page 249**

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

4.

| Number | Hundreds | Tens | Ones | Number Sentence |
|--------|----------|------|------|-----------------|
| 111    |          |      |      |                 |
| 111    |          |      |      |                 |

5.

| Number | Hundreds | Tens | Ones | Number Sentence |
|--------|----------|------|------|-----------------|
| 123    |          |      |      |                 |
| 123    |          |      |      |                 |

Use connecting cubes to help you complete the tables.

6.

| Number | Tens | Ones | Number Sentence |
|--------|------|------|-----------------|
| 54     |      |      | $50 + 4 = 54$   |
| 54     |      |      | $40 + 14 = 54$  |

7.

| Number | Tens | Ones | Number Sentence |
|--------|------|------|-----------------|
|        | 3    | 7    |                 |
|        | 2    | 17   |                 |

8.

| Number | Tens | Ones | Number Sentence |
|--------|------|------|-----------------|
|        | 7    | 0    |                 |
|        | 6    | 10   |                 |

Every Number Has Its Place SAB • Grade 2 • Unit 5 • Lesson 4 **250**

**Student Activity Book - Page 250**

\* Answers and/or discussion are included in the lesson.