Q	Draw
Dra bra	w a picture of what you are going to do to compare paper to nds. Label the variables in your picture.
1	. What variables will you study in this lab?
2	. What variables should be fixed or should not change in this lat Tell why.

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*Answers and/or discussion are included in the lesson.

Student Activity Book

The Better "Picker Upper" Lab (SAB pp. 159–166) Questions 1–16

- **I.** The two primary variables are Brand of Paper Towel and Area of Spot.
- 2.* Among the fixed variables are the number of drops placed on each spot; the type of liquid used (water); the size of each drop (as controlled by the eyedropper); and certain elements of the procedure (e.g., keeping the paper towel off the table, dropping drops into the center of each spot).
- 3.* Sample data table:

Area of Spot vs. Brand of Paper Towel

<i>T</i> Brand of		Area of Spot (4 [in <u>sq.cm</u>)	
Paper Towel	Trial 1	Trial 2	Trial 3	Median
Brand 1	3	2	3	3 sq cm
Brand 2	11	13	13	13 sq.cm
Brand 3	11	8	6	8 sq.cm

4.* Sample graph:



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TG • Grade 3 • Unit 5 • Lesson 4 • Answer Key

Answer Key • Lesson 4: Which Picks Up More?

Answers to *Questions 5–8* are based on the sample data and graph in Figures 4 and 5 in Lesson 4.

- **5.** Brand 2, 13 sq cm
- **6.** Brand 1, 3 sq cm
- 7. 10 sq cm. Some students may write a number sentence (e.g., 13 3 = 10 sq cm). Others will explain with words or draw a picture.
- **8.** Answers and explanations will vary. Student might predict that the bars would get bigger. They would approximately double. For example, the bar for Brand 1 would go to 6 sq cm rather than 3 sq cm. Some students may want to do some additional experimentation. Encourage students to sketch a graph.
- **9.*** Answers and strategies will vary. A typical class discussion is given in Lesson 4 Sample Dialog. Discussion should lead to the idea that the towel with the shortest bar is the better "picker upper." On this towel, the five drops of water are concentrated in the smallest area, leaving more of the paper towel to soak up more water.
- 10.* Answers may vary, but Professor Peabody is incorrect. Students may say that Brand C is not the better "picker upper" because its spot is so big, there is not as much dry space left to pick up more water. Brand A is the better "picker upper."

EX	plore
Use	your graph to find answers to the following questions.
5.	Which paper towel had the spot with the largest area? What was the area of the spot?
6.	Which paper towel had the spot with the smallest area? What was the area of the spot?
7.	How much larger was the larger spot than the smallest spot? Explain how you found your answer.
8.	How would the graph look if you dropped twice as many drops on each paper towel?
9.	Look at your graph. Which towel do you think picks up the most water? Show or tell how you decided.
Which	Picks Up More? SAB • Grade 3 • Unit 5 • Lesson 4 16

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11	 Work with your partners to find of brand of paper towel can pick up for each brand. 	but how many drops of water each p.
	 Label a sheet of copy paper w Choose the median paper tow Trace the median spot onto the will fit. Find the number of drops that towel. 	ith the paper towel brand's name. el spot. e sheet of paper as many times as i can be picked up by each brand of
	Record the data on the data ta	ble below.
Γ	T Brand of Paper Towel	Number of Drops
opyright © Kendall Hunt Publishing Company	Graph your data on a piece of C Label the horizontal axis Branc Label the vertical axis Number Choose an appropriate scale fr Title the graph "Number of Drc	entimeter Graph Paper. d of Paper Towel (T). of Drops (N), include units. or the vertical axis. ps".



Name	Date
E X 13.	Which brand of paper towel had the tallest bar on your Number of Drops graph?
14.	Did this same brand of paper towel have the tallest bar on your Area of
	Spor graphic Fredict Wity.
164	SAB • Grade 3 • Unit 5 • Lesson 4 Which Picks Up More?



*Answers and/or discussion are included in the lesson.

Answers to *Questions 11–14* are based on the sample data table and graph in Questions 11–12.

II.* Sample data table:

<i>T</i> Type of Towel	<i>N</i> Number of Drops
Brand 1	40
Brand 2	20
Brand 3	25

12.* Sample graph:



13. Brand 1

14. No. The brand of paper towel with the tallest bar on the Number of Drops graph had the shortest bar on the Area of Spot graph. Predictions will vary. The towel with the spot with the smallest area of concentration (shortest bar on Area of Spot graph) should be able to pick up the most drops of water (tallest bar of Number of Drops graph).

Answer Key • Lesson 4: Which Picks Up More?

15.* Answers may vary but students should justify their answers.

Yes. The brand of paper towel with the tallest bar on the Number of Drops graph, Brand B, is the better "picker upper" because it can pick up the most water.

No. If Brand A was the same size as Brand B it would hold about 60 drops which is much more than Brand B holds.

16.* Answers will vary. See Lesson Guide 4. The brand with the shortest bar on the Area of Spot graph should have the tallest bar on the Number of Drops graph. That brand should be the better "picker upper."

Nam			Date
15.	Professor Peabody brands. He traced th towel.	made the models be ne spots on a full she	low to compare the paper towel set of each brand of paper
	Brand A	Brand B	Brand C
	5 5 5 5 5 6	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	
	He graphed the nur	nber of drops that e	– ach paper towel could pick up.
		Number of Drops	
Copright © Kendali Hurt Publishing Company	He decided the Bra paper towel could h Do you agree with F	Bard A Bard B Bard A Bard B Bard A Draw Trave Town Of the most drops	"picker upper" because the of water.
	N1-1 11 442		

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			Date	_
16. Compare your graphs and dia better "picker upper"? Show of	grams. Ir tell ho	Which w you	towel do you think is the decided.	
				Copyrig
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The Better "Picker Upper" Lab Feedback Box Find the area of shapes with curved sides by counting square contineters. [Q# 3]	Expec- tation E3	Check In	Comments	Copyright © Kendall Hunt Publish
The Better "Picker Upper" Lab Feedback Box Find the area of shapes with curved sides by counting square centimeters. [Q# 3] Make a scaled bar graph using numerical data. [O# 4 and 12]	Expec- tation E3 E5	Check In	Comments	Copyright @ Kendal Hunt Publishing Co
The Better "Picker Upper" Lab Feedback Box Find the area of shapes with curved sides by counting square centimeters. [Q# 3] Make a scaled bar graph using numerical data. [Q# 4 and 12] Read a graph to find information about a data set. [O# 5-7 and 13–14]	Expec- tation E3 E5 E6	Check In	Comments	Copyright @ Kendal Hunt Publishing Company
The Better "Picker Upper" Lab Feedback Box Find the area of shapes with curved sides by counting square centimeters. [Q# 3] Make a scaled bar graph using numerical data. [Q# 4 and 12] Read a graph to find information about a data set. [Q# 5–7 and 13–14] Find the median of a data set. [Q# 3]	Expec- tation E3 E5 E6 E7	Check In	Comments	Copyright @ Kendal Hunt Publishing Company
The Better "Picker Upper" Lab Feedback Box Find the area of shapes with curved sides by counting square centimeters. [Q# 3] Make a scaled bar graph using numerical data. [Q# 4 and 12] Read a graph to find information about a data set. [Q# 5–7 and 13–14] Find the median of a data set. [Q# 3] Make predictions and generalizations about a data set using data tables, graphs, and diagrams. [Q# 8–10 and 15–16]	Expec- tation E3 E5 E6 E7 E8	Check In	Comments	Copyright © Kendal Hunt Publishing Company
The Better "Picker Upper" Lab Feedback Box Find the area of shaps with curved sides by counting square centimeters. [Q# 3] Make a scaled bar graph using numerical tat. [Q# 4 and 12] Read a graph to find information about a data set. [Q# 5–7 and 13–14] Find the median of a data set. [Q# 3] Make predictions and generalizations about a data set using data tables, graphs, and diagrams. [Q# 5–10 and 15–16]	Expec- tation E3 E5 E6 E7 E8	Check In	Comments	Copyright @ Kendal Hunt Publishing Company

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