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Paper-and-Pencil Addition Methods
Sometimes you can solve addition problems in your head. Other times it helps to use paper and pencil. Here are two paper-and-pencil methods you can use. For both methods, you can think of base-ten pieces to help them make sense.

All-Partials Method
 flats?

## Student Guide

## Addition with Larger Numbers

(SG pp. 140-144)
Questions 1-11
I.* 945
2. A. 15
B. 130
C. 800

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*Answers and/or discussion are included in the lesson.
| TG $\cdot$ Grade $3 \cdot$ Unit $6 \cdot$ Lesson 5•Answer Key

3．A．They traded 12 ones for 1 ten and 2 ones． The 1 means 10 ．
B．They traded 13 tens for 1 hundred and 3 tens．The 1 means 100.
4．A． 695
B． 618
C． 972
D． 1211
E． 2291
F． 7902
G． 9211
H． 9013

5．Nisha started with 13 bits．She traded 10 of them for 1 skinny．The 1 above the 3 shows the new skinny．Then she added the total number of skinnies．She had 10 skinnies．She traded all 10 skinnies for 1 flat．There were no skinnies left so she recorded a 0 in the skinnies column． The new flat was recorded by writing a 1 above the 4 ．She added all the flats．She had 6 flats in all．

Fern had 13 bits to start with．She traded 10 bits for 1 skinny and recorded 13 ．She added 3 skinnies and 6 skinnies and got 9 skinnies．She recorded this in a new row as 90,9 skinnies and 0 bits．She added 4 flats and 1 flat and got 5 flats．In a third row she recorded 500 or 5 flats， 0 skinnies，and 0 bits．Altogether she had 5 flats， 10 skinnies，and 3 bits．She traded the 10 skinnies for 1 flat．No skinnies remained．

3．Tom made 547 Chocos in one day and Eric made 285 chocos．This is how they added using the compact 547 method to find the total：
A．Why did they put a little 1 above the 4 ？ What does the 1 mean？
B．Why did they put a little 1 above the 5 ？What does that 1 mean？

4．Use the All－Partials Method to solve some of the problems and the Compact Method to solve the others．


5．Nisha and Fern solved a problem using paper and pencil．Here is their work．

| 合 | Nisha＇s solution | Fern＇s solution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| － | 435 | 435 |
| 星 | ＋168 | ＋ 168 |
| $\frac{\square}{3}$ | 603 | 13 |
| ， |  | 90 |
| 铭 |  | ＋500 |
| 宕 |  | 603 |

Compare the two pencil－and－paper solutions．Explain what Nisha and Fern did to find their answers．

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\ Check-In: Questions 6-11
6. Solve the following problems using a paper-and-pencil method. Use the Addition Strategies Menu in the Student Guide Reference section. Check to see if your answer is reasonable.
```

A.
$\begin{array}{r}68 \\ +\quad 39 \\ \hline\end{array}$
B. $\begin{array}{r}403 \\ +79 \\ \hline\end{array}$
C. $\begin{array}{r}247 \\ +130 \\ \hline\end{array}$
D. 1235
E. 5762
F. 3208
7. Show how Question 6B can be solved using a mental math strategy.
8. Explain an estimate strategy that shows your answer to Question 6 E is reasonable.
9. Choose one problem from Question 6 to solve:
A. using expanded form.
B. using the all-partials method.
C. using the compact method.
D. Which method do you like best? Why?
10. Eric and Tom made 1432 Chocos on Wednesday, 938 Chocos on Thursday, and 2007 Chocos on Friday. Put these numbers in order from smallest to largest.
11. How many Chocos did they make altogether on Wednesday and Thursday?

Play the Digits Game and then complete the Problem Solving pages for more addition practice. Both items are in the Student Activity Book.

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Solution strategies will vary.
6. A. 107
B. 482
C. 377
D. 3873
E. 7591
F. 8940
7. Possible strategy:
$79+1=80$;
$402+80=482$
8. Possible response: It is a reasonble answer because if only the thousands and hundreds are added together the answer is 7500 .
9. A. Possible strategies for 6 F :

$$
\begin{aligned}
3208 & =3000+200+0+8 \\
+5732 & =5000+700+30+2 \\
\hline & =8000+900+30+10 \\
& =8940
\end{aligned}
$$

B. All-Partials:

3208

$$
\begin{array}{r}
+5732 \\
\hline 10
\end{array}
$$

$$
30
$$

$$
900
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
+8000 \\
\hline 8940
\end{array}
$$

C. Compact:

3208
$\begin{array}{r}+5732 \\ \hline 8940\end{array}$
D. Answers will vary.

IO. $938,1432,2007$
II. 2370 Chocos

## Student Guide

## Homework (SG p. 145)

Questions 1-7
I. 732
$\begin{array}{r}+197 \\ \hline 800\end{array}$
120
$\begin{array}{r}120 \\ +\quad 9 \\ \hline 929\end{array}$
2. A.

| 379 | B. |
| ---: | ---: |
| +613 |  |
| 900 |  |
| 80 | 543 |
| +182 |  |
| 12 |  |
| 992 | 120 |
|  |  |

C. 418
D. 328
+824
+1200
30
$\begin{array}{r}12 \\ \hline 1242\end{array}$

| 3283 |
| ---: |
| +800 |
| 110 |
| $\quad 11$ |
| 921 |

3. I used friendly numbers. 328 is close to 300 . 593 is close to $600.300+600=900.921$ is a reasonable answer.
4. 11 654
$\begin{array}{r}+879 \\ \hline 1533\end{array}$
5. Maruta traded 13 tens for 1 hundred and 3 tens. The one means 100 .
6. A.

| 1 | B. | 1 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 28 |  | 417 |
| +329 |  |  |
| +72 |  |  |
| 184 |  | 746 |

C. $\quad 928$
D. ${ }^{1} 3926$
$\begin{array}{r}+434 \\ \hline 1362\end{array}$

$$
\frac{+4645}{8571}
$$

E. If I add the hundreds $900+400=1300$. 1362 is reasonable.


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7. Methods will vary.
A. $\quad 1 \frac{1}{268}$
B. $\quad \stackrel{1}{0} 9$
$\begin{array}{r}+359 \\ \hline 627\end{array}$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
+312 \\
\hline 721
\end{array}
$$

C. 5617
D. $\quad \begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 6891\end{aligned}$
$\begin{array}{r}+2193 \\ \hline 10\end{array}$

$$
+\frac{2534}{9425}
$$

100
700
$\begin{array}{r}+7000 \\ \hline 7810\end{array}$
E. Possible explanation: I use friendly numbers. 268 is close to 250 and 359 is close to $350.250+350=600$. 627 is reasonable.


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## Student Activity Book

## Adding with Base-Ten Pieces

(SAB pp. 191-192)

## Questions 1-5

I.

2.

3.

4.

5.


## Student Activity Book

Problem Solving (SAB pp. 195-196) Questions 1-5
I.

Romesh Second Method


$$
\begin{array}{r}
1 \\
64 \\
+87 \\
\hline 151
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r|r|}
\hline \mathbf{7} & \mathbf{4} \\
=70+4 \\
+\mathbf{8} & \mathbf{6} \\
+\quad=80+6 \\
\hline & 150+10=160
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
74 \\
+\quad 86 \\
\hline 150 \\
\hline 10 \\
\hline 160
\end{array}
$$

2. 



$$
\begin{array}{r}
200 \\
+\quad 800 \\
\hline 1000
\end{array}
$$

1005 is a reasonable answer.
3. Kathy won. Kathy had the two largest numbers in the hundreds place. $800+600=1400$.
4.* See discussion in the lesson.
5. A. If I add the hundreds $(900+700)$ and the tens $(60+50)$ I get $1600+110=1710$. His answer of 1616 is not reasonable.
B. $961+754$ does not equal 1616. He added 11 ones instead of 11 tens.

Name $\qquad$ Date $\qquad$

## Problem Solving

Solve the problems. Use the Addition Strategies Menu in the Student Guide Reference section

1. Romesh and Jason are playing the Digits Game. After four cards, their boards are below. Find each boy's sum using two different methods. Romesh Second Method


Jason
 below. Find each sum. Explain a strategy for deciding if your


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*Answers and/or discussion are included in the lesson.


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I. Show how Question A can be solved using a mental math strategy.
. Explain an estimation strategy that shows your answer to Question H is reasonable.

## Student Activity Book

Adding the Parts (SAB pp. 197-198)
Homework
Questions A-J
Explanations will vary.
A. 148

754
+12
90
900
+902
B. $652=600+50+2$
$\frac{+283=200+80+3}{800+130+5}=935$
C. $\quad 1$

143
$\begin{array}{r}+629 \\ \hline 772\end{array}$

D. $\quad$| 162 |
| :--- |
|  |

162
+737
E. $\quad 11$
$\begin{array}{r}+479 \\ \hline 632\end{array}$
F. 342

368
+10
100
1800
+910
G. $159=100+50+9$
$\frac{+456=400+50+6}{500+100+15}=615$
H. $\quad \begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 678\end{aligned}$
+543
+1221
I. Explanations will vary. Think of $150+750=900.900+2=902$
J. Explanations will vary. 678 is close to 700 . 543 is close to $500.700+500$ is 1200 , so 1221 is reasonable.

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## Teacher Guide

## Addition Quiz (TG p. 1)

Questions 1-5
I.


$$
400+70+7=477
$$


2. Fern added the tens. There are 4 tens in 340 and 6 tens in $169.40+60$ is 100 .
3. Strategies will vary.
A. $33=30+3$
Check: 30
$59=50+9$
60
$\begin{gathered}+29=20+9 \\ 100+21\end{gathered}=121$
+30
+120

The sum is about 120 .

$$
\text { B. } \begin{array}{r}
536 \\
+635 \\
\hline 1100
\end{array} \quad \text { Check: } \begin{array}{r}
500 \\
+600 \\
\hline 60 \\
+\quad 1100 \\
\hline 1171
\end{array} \text { Answer is more than } 1100 .
$$

4. See response to Question 3A.

Name
Date $\qquad$

## Addition Quiz

Use the Addition Strategies Menu in the Student Guide Reference section.

1. Solve $265+212$ using base-ten shorthand or a number line.
2. Fern used the all-partials method to solve the following problem. Explain the's step shown by the arrow. $\qquad$
3. Solve the following problems using any method you choose. Check to see if your answers are reasonable.

$$
\text { A. } \begin{array}{r}
33 \\
59 \\
+29
\end{array} \quad \text { B. } \begin{array}{r}
536 \\
+635 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

4. Show how Question 3A can be solved using a mental math strategy
5. Explain an estimation strategy that shows your answer to Question 3B is reasonable.

I TG•Grade 3•Unit 6•Lesson 5

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