

Kendall Hunt Publishing Company



Common Core State Standards

Math Trailblazers Grade 4 Learning Progression

Program Scope and Sequence







The Learning Progression outlines the Key Ideas that guide the Math Trailblazers[®] program. These Key Ideas fall within five strands: Number, Algebra, Geometry, Measurement, and Data. Each Key Idea is listed, followed by a chart that details each unit that addresses that Key Idea. Under each unit number is a list of the specific Math Trailblazers Expectations that correlate with the larger Key Idea. Expectations are also correlated with Common Core State Standards for Mathematics, Standards for Mathematical Practice, and mathematical strands. Together, these elements provide a comprehensive Scope and Sequence for the Math Trailblazers curriculum.

in one variable relates to a char	ige in a second variable.	tations			Key Ideas. These Key Ideas appear as horizonta
UNIT 1	UNIT 5	UNIT 10	UNIT 13		headers in the Learning Progression.
values for each. [3.MD.3, 6.SP.1] [MP1, MP2, MP3] (D1, A1)	procedures of an investigation in a drawing. [6.SP.1] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP6] (D2, A1)	(manipulated, responding, and fixed) in an investigation. [6.EE.9] [MP1, MP4, MP5, MP6] (D1, A1)	patterns for increasing and decreasing functions. [4.0A.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP7, MP8]		
4.1.E2. Distinguish between categorical and numerical variables. [6.SP.1] [MP1] (D1, A1)	4.5.E10. Identify and extend multiplicative patterns. [4.0A.1, 4.0A.2] [MP2, MP4, MP7, MP8] (N1, A1)		(N1, A1) 4.13.E3. Generate a pattern from a rule. [4.0A.5] [MP1, MP2, MP7, MP8 (N1, A1)		
Key Idea Algebra 2: Ta	bles and Graphs Represer	t patterns and relationships with	graphs, tables, and diagrams.		
UNIT 1	UNIT 2	UNIT 5	UNIT 10	`.	Expectations: Expectations are listed by unit up
4.1.E3. Make a bar graph using categorical data (MP41 (D2 42)	4.2.E1. Make a point graph. [5.G.2]	4.5.E2. Collect and organize data in a table IMP1_MP2_MP5_MP61	4.10.E2. Make a point graph using ordered pairs with decimal values		Expectations. Expectations are instea by unit an
4.1.E4. Make a bar graph using	4.2 E2 Bead a table or graph to find	(D2, A2)	[5.G.1, 5.G.2] [MP1, MP4, MP5,		the Key Ideas These Expectations correlate with
numerical data. [MP4] (D2, A2)	information about a data set. [MP4,	4.5.E3. Make a point graph. [5.G.2]	MP6] (D2, A2)		the ney local. These Expectations contribute with
4.1.E5. Make a point graph using	MP7] (D3, A2)	[MP4, MP5] (D2, A2)			Key Ideas, but are more specific to the content
ordered pairs: (5.6.2) (MP4) (D2, A2)	4.2.E3. Model real-world situations with tables and point graphs. [5.G.2] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5] (D4, A2)	4.5.54. Draw a best-fit line. [6.SP.2] [MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8] (D2, A2)		≥	taught in the listed unit
		4.5.E11. Represent patterns and functions using words, tables, and symbols. [4.0A.5] [MP2, MP4, MP7, MP8I (N1. A2. A3)		GEBRA	
UNIT 13				~	
4.13.E2: Represent patterns and functions using words, symbols, tables, and graphs. [4.0A.4] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP7, MP8] (N1, A2, A3)					Mathematical Strand: The Learning Progression
4.13.E9. Represent the variables and procedures of an investigation in a drawing. [6.EE.9] [MP1, MP4, MP5,					is organized by mathematical strands, which a
MP6] (D2, A2)					to organized by matternation of ande, which a
4.13.E10. Make point graphs and draw best-fit lines for increasing and decreasing functions. [5.6.1, 5.6.2] [MP1, MP4, MP5, MP6] (D2, A2)					color-coded and listed vertically along the edge
4.13.E11. Tell the story represented in a graph or table. [4.0A.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP81 (02, A2)					caul haye

• Correlations: Each Expectation includes a list of codes indicating the correlations to the Common Core State Standards, the Standards for Mathematical Practice, and the mathematical strands.

 4.11.E1. Demonstrate understanding of

 the place value concepts and mathematical

 properties involved in multiplication of 2-digit

 by 2-digit numbers (e.g., use the distributive

 property to multiply). [4.NBT.1, 4.NBT.5]

 [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP6]

 (N2, A4)

- • Common Core State Standards
 - Standards for Mathematical Practice
 - Mathematical strands, numbered by Key Ideas

GRADE 4

Students develop mental math strategies, conceptual models, and standard algorithms for multidigit multiplication and division. They extend the rectangular array model and use graphs and tables to reason with multiplication and division. Through problem solving, students deepen their understanding of and flexibility with large numbers and addition and subtraction operations. Students develop models for comparing, finding equivalence, and adding, subtracting, and multiplying fractions by using and connecting multiple representations. Students describe, analyze, and classify lines, angles, and polygons using their properties.

- Unit 1 Data About Us
- Unit 2 Geometric Investigations
- Unit 3 Products and Factors
- Unit 4 Numbers and Number Operations
- Unit 5 Using Data to Predict
- Unit 6 Place Value and Large Numbers
- Unit 7 Patterns in Multiplication
- Unit 8 Exploring Fractions
- Unit 9 Angles, Lines, and Shapes
- Unit 10 Using Decimals
- Unit 11 Multiplication with Larger Numbers
- Unit 12 Division
- **Unit 13** Using Patterns

Key Idea Number 1: Number Sense Understand the base-ten number system, recognize relationships among quantities and numbers, and represent numbers in multiple ways.

UNIT 3	UNIT 4	UNIT 5	UNIT 6		
4.3.E1. Represent and solve multiplication and division problems using rectangular arrays. [4.NBT.5,	4.4.E1. Show that different partitions of the same number are equal using base-ten pieces, number lines, and	4.5.E10. Identify and extend multiplicative patterns. [4.0A.1, 4.0A.2] [MP2, MP4, MP7, MP8]	4.6.E1. Read and write large numbers (to the millions). [4.NBT.2] [MP2] (N1)		
4.NBT.6] [MP1, MP2, MP3] (N1)4.3.E2. Determine whether onenumber is a multiple of another	number sentences (e.g., 200 + 30 + 7 = 200 + 20 + 17). [4.NBT.1, 4.NBT.2] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP7] (N1, A3)	(N1, A1) 4.5.E11. Represent patterns and functions using words, tables, and symbols. [4.OA.5] [MP2, MP4, MP7, MP8] (N1, A2, A3)	4.6.E2. Compare and order large numbers (to the millions). [4.NBT.2] [MP2] (N1)		
number. [4.0A.4] [MP2, MP8] (N1) 4.3.E3. Find the factors of a number. [4.0A.4] [MP2, MP8] (N1)			4.6.E3. Represent large numbers (to the millions) using place value charts, number lines, and number		
4.3.E4. Identify prime numbers. [4.0A.4] [MP2, MP8] (N1)			sentences (e.g., 10,705 = 10,000 + 700 + 5).		
4.3.E5. Identify square numbers. [4.0A.4] [MP2, MP8] (N1)			4.6.E4. Make connections		
4.3.E6. Find the prime factorization of a number. [4.0A.4, 6.EE.1] [MP1, MP2, MP8] (N1)			representations of numbers (to one million) with base-ten pieces, number lines, expanded form, and standard form. [4.NBT.1] (N1)		
			4.6.E5. Use patterns to make predictions and generalizations. [4.OA.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP7] (N1, A4)		
			4.6.E6. Round quantities to benchmark numbers. [4.NBT.3] (N1)		
			4.6.E7. Estimate quantities. [4.NBT.3] [MP1, MP6] (N1)		

Expectations

Key Idea Number 1: Number Sense continued

	Expect	tations	
UNIT 7	UNIT 8	UNIT 10	UNIT 13
4.7.E1. Use divisibility rules to identify factors and multiples. [4.0A.4] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP7] (N1)	4.8. E1. Represent fractions using area models (circle pieces, fraction strips, drawings) and number lines. [3.NF.2] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP7] (N1)	4.10.E5. Represent decimals using area models, number lines, and base-ten pieces. [4.NF.5, 4.NF.6] [MP1, MP2, MP3] (N1)	4.13.E1. Identify and extend patterns for increasing and decreasing functions. [4.0A.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP7, MP8] (N1, A1)
	4.8.E2. Use words and numbers to name fractions. [3.G.2] [MP1, MP6] (N1)	to read and write decimals to the hundredths. [4.NF.5, 4.NF.6] [MP1, MP3, MP6] (N1)	4.13.E2. Represent patterns and functions using words, symbols, tables, and graphs. [4.0A.4] [MP1, MP2_MP3_MP5_MP7_MP8]
	4.8.E3. Recognize that the same fractional parts of different-sized wholes are not equal. [4.NF.2] [MP1, MP2 MP3 MP41 (N1)	4.10.E7. Make connections among representations of decimals including symbols, words, area models, base-ten pieces, and	(N1, A2, A3) 4.13.E3. Generate a pattern from a rule [4 OA 5] [MP1 MP2 MP7
	4.8.E4. Identify the unit whole when given a fractional part of a whole.	number lines. [4.NF.5, 4.NF.6] [MP1, MP3, MP5, MP6] (N1)	MP8] (N1, A1)
	[4.NF.1, 4.NF.2] [MP1, MP2, MP3] (N1)	4.10.E8. Compare and order decimals to the hundredths using	
	4.8.E5. Name and represent fractions greater than one as mixed numbers and improper fractions using models (fraction strips, circle pieces, number lines). [3.NF.3C] [MP1, MP2, MP4] (N1)	models. [4.NF.7] [MP1, MP2, MP5, MP7] (N1)	
	4.8.E6. Write number sentences from area models of fractions (e.g., $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{6}, \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3} \times 3$). [4.NF.3] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP7] (N1, A3)		
	4.8.E7. Make connections among representations of fractions including symbols, words, area models, and number lines. [4.NF.1, 4.NF.2] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5] (N1)		
	4.8.E8. Find equivalent fractions using area models (circle pieces, fraction strips, drawings) and multiplication and division strategies. [4.NE.1, 4.NE.2, 4.NE.4] [MP1, MP3, MP5, MP7] (N1)	-	
	4.8.E9. Compare and order fractions using area models, number lines, and one-half as a benchmark.[4.NF.2] [MP1, MP2, MP3] (N1)		

NUMBER

Key Idea Number 2: Operations Understand the meaning of numerical operations and their application for solving problems.

	Expectations				
	UNIT 3	UNIT 4	UNIT 6	UNIT 7	
	4.3.E7. Solve multiplication problems using 0 and 1 as factors (applying the multiplication properties of 0 and 1). [4.0A.3, 4.NBT.5] [MP1, MP2] (N2, A4)	4.4.E2. Represent and solve addition problems using base-ten pieces and number lines. [4.NBT.2, 4.NBT.4] [MP1, MP2] (N2) 4.4.E3. Represent and solve	4.6.E8. Solve division problems involving zero and justify solutions. [4.NBT.6] [MP2, MP3] (N2)	 4.7.E2. Multiply numbers that are multiples of ten. [4.NBT.1] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP6] (N2) 4.7.E3. Demonstrate understanding of the place value concepts and 	
	4.3.E8. Use turn-around facts to solve multiplication problems (applying the commutative property of multiplication). [4.NBT.5] [MP1,	subtraction problems using base-ten pieces and number lines. [4.NBT.2, 4.NBT.4] [MP1, MP2, MP3] (N2) 4.4.E4. Solve addition and		mathematical properties involved in operations with multidigit numbers (e.g., use the distributive property to multiply). [4.NBT.4, 4.NBT.5] [MP1,	
	MP2] (N2, A4) 4.3.E9. Break products into the sum of simpler products to solve multiplication problems (applying the distributive property of multiplication	subtraction problems using mental math strategies (e.g., composing and decomposing numbers, counting up, and counting back). [4.NBT.4] [MP1, MP2, MP3] (N2)		MP2, MP6J (N2, A4) 4.7.E4. Show connections between models and strategies for multiplication (e.g., demonstrate partial products using a rectangle	
~	over addition). [4.NBT.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3] (N2, A4)	4.4.E5. Solve multiplication problems using mental math strategies (e.g., composing and decomposing numbers and doubling and halving). [4.NBT.5] [MP1, MP2, MP7] (N2)		model for multiplication). [4.NBT.5] [MP1, MP4] (N2)	
Ш	UNIT 8	UNIT 9	UNIT 10	UNIT 11	
NUMB	4.8.E10. Add and subtract fractions with like denominators using area models. [4.NF.3] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5] (N2) 4.8.E11. Multiply fractions by a whole number (e.g., $\frac{1}{3} \times 3 = 1, \frac{2}{3} \times 6 = \frac{1}{3} \times 6 \times 2$). [4.NF.4] [MP1 MP2 MP4 MP5] (N2 Ad)	4.9. E1. Use addition and subtraction to find unknown angles. [4.MD.7] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5] (N2, A3, A4)	4.10.E9. Add and subtract decimals to the hundredths using models. [5.NBT.7] [MP1, MP2, MP6] (N2)	4.11.E1. Demonstrate understanding of the place value concepts and mathematical properties involved in multiplication of 2-digit by 2-digit numbers (e.g., use the distributive property to multiply). [4.NBT.1, 4.NBT.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP6] (N2, A4)	
	נויאר ד, ויאר ב, ויאר ד, ויאר סן (ויעב, רד)				

Key Idea Number 2: Operations continued

Expectations

UNIT 12	UNIT 13
4.12.E1. Demonstrate understanding of division of multidigit numbers by 1-digit numbers using models.[4.NBT.6] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5] (N2)	4.13.E4. Solve problems involving volume and mass. [4.MD.1] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP7, MP8] (N2)
4.12.E2. Show connections between models and strategies for multidigit division. [4.NBT.6] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5] (N2)	
4.12.E3. Show connections between multiplication and division (e.g., fact families, using multiplication to divide). [4.NTB.6] [MP1, MP2] (N2, A4)	
4.12.E4. Interpret remainders from division of multidigit numbers. [4.0A.3] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP6] (N2)	

Key Idea Number 3: Computation and Estimation Use efficient and flexible procedures to compute accurately and make reasonable estimates.

Expectations				
UNIT 1	UNIT 2	UNIT 3	UNIT 4	
4.1.E11. Demonstrate fluency with the addition facts. (N3)	4.2.E8. Demonstrate fluency with the subtraction facts. [2.0A.2] (N3)	 4.3.E10. Demonstrate fluency with the multiplication facts for the 5s, 10s, and square numbers. [3.0A.7] (N3) 4.3.E11. Determine the unknown 	4.4.E6. Add multidigit numbers using paper-and-pencil methods (expanded form, all partials, and compact). [4.NBT.4] [MP1, MP2] (N3)	
		number in a multiplication or division sentence relating three whole numbers for the 5s, 10s, and square numbers facts. [3.0A.7] (N3, A4)	4.4.E7. Subtract multidigit numbers using paper-and-pencil methods (expanded form and compact).[4.NBT.4] [MP1, MP2] (N3)	
			4.4.E8. Multiply 2-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers using paper-and-pencil methods (expanded form, all partials, compact). [4.NBT.2, 4.NBT.5] [MP1, MP2] (N3)	
			4.4.E9. Choose appropriately from among mental math, estimation, and paper-and-pencil methods to add and subtract whole numbers.[4.NBT.4] [MP6] (N3)	
			4.4.E10. Choose appropriately between mental math and paper-and-pencil methods to multiply whole numbers. [4.NBT.5] [MP6] (N3)	
			4.4.E11. Estimate sums and differences. [4.NBT.3, 4.OA.3] [MP3, MP6] (N3)	
			4.4.E12. Demonstrate fluency with the multiplication facts for the 2s, 3s, and 9s. [3.0A.7] (N3)	
			4.4.E13. Determine the unknown number in a multiplication or division sentence relating three whole numbers for the 2s, 3s, and 9s facts. [3.OA.7] (N3, A4)	

Key Idea Number 3: Computation and Estimation continued

Expectations					
UNIT 5	UNIT 6	UNIT 7	UNIT 8		
4.5.E12. Demonstrate fluency with the last six multiplication facts (4 x 6, 4 x 7, 4 x 8, 6 x 7, 6 x 8,	4.6.E9. Estimate sums and differences for large numbers. [4.NBT.3] [MP1, MP3, MP6] (N3)	4.7.E5. Follow the order of operations. [5.0A.1] [MP1] (N3)4.7.E6. Estimate products. [4.0A.3,	4.8.E12. Demonstrate fluency with the division facts for the 9s. [3.0A.7] (N3)		
7 x 8). [3.0A.7] (N3) 4.5.E13. Determine the unknown number in a multiplication or	4.6.E10. Demonstrate fluency with the division facts for the 5s and 10s. [3.0A.7] (N3)	4.NBT.3] [MP1, MP2, MP6] (N3) 4.7.E7. Multiply multidigit numbers	4.8.E13. Determine the unknown number in a multiplication or division		
division sentence relating three whole numbers for the last six facts. [3.0A.7] (N3, A4)	 a multiplication or ntence relating three ibers for the last six facts. V3, A4) 4.6.E11. Determine the unknown number in a multiplication or division sentence relating three whole numbers for the 5s and 10s facts. I3. OA. 41 (N3, A4) 	by 1-digit numbers using mental math strategies and paper-and-pencil methods (e.g., expanded form, all-partials, compact). [4.OA.3, 4.NBT.5] [MP1, MP6] (N3)	sentence relating three whole numbers for the 9s facts. [3.0A.4] (N3, A4)		
	4.6.E12. Demonstrate fluency with all the multiplication facts. [3.0A.7] (N3)	4.7.E8. Choose appropriately from among estimation, mental math strategies, and paper-and-pencil methods to multiply whole numbers. [4.0A.3, 4.0A.4, 4.NBT.5] [MP1, MP6] (N3)			
		4.7.E9. Demonstrate fluency with the division facts for the 2s and 3s. [3.0A.7] (N3)			
		4.7.E10. Determine the unknown number in a multiplication or division sentence relating three whole numbers for the 2s and 3s facts. [3.0A.4] (N3, A4)			

Key Idea Number 3: Computation and Estimation continued

Expectations				
UNIT 9	UNIT 10	UNIT 11	UNIT 12	
4.9.E13. Demonstrate fluency with the division facts for the square numbers. [3.OA.7] (N3)	4.10.E10. Demonstrate fluency with the division facts related to the last six multiplication facts ($24 \div 4$, $24 \div 6$, $28 \div 4$, $28 \div 7$, $32 \div 4$,	4.11.E3. Estimate products of multidigit numbers. [4.NTB.3, 4.NBT.5] [MP1, MP5, MP6] (N3)	4.12.E5. Estimate quotients for division of multidigit numbers by 1-digit numbers. [4.NBT.3] [MP1, MP2, MP6] (N3)	
number in a multiplication or division sentence relating three whole numbers for the square numbers	24 \div 6, 28 \div 4, 28 \div 7, 32 \div 4, 32 \div 8, 42 \div 6, 42 \div 7, 48 \div 6, 48 \div 8, 56 \div 7, 56 \div 8). [3.0A.7] (N3)	4.11.E4. Multiply 2-digit by 2-digit numbers using mental math strategies and paper-and-pencil methods (e.g., expanded form, all- partials). [4.NBT.1, 4.NBT.2, 4.NBT.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3] (N3)	4.12.E6. Divide numbers that are multiples of ten. [4.NBT.1] [MP1, MP2] (N3)	
facts. [3.0A.4] (N3, A4)	4.10.E11. Determine the unknown number in a multiplication or		4.12.E7. Divide multidigit numbers by 1-digit divisors using paper and	
	whole numbers for the last six facts.	4.11.E5. Multiply 2-digit by 2-digit numbers using the compact method.	pencil. [4.NBT.6] [MP1, MP2, MP6] (N3)	
	[J.UA.4] (NJ, A4)	[4.NBT.5, 4.OA.3, 5.NBT.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP6] (N3)	4.12.E8. Demonstrate fluency with the division facts in all groups.	
		4.11.E6. Choose appropriately from among estimation, mental math strategies, and paper-and-pencil methods to multiply multidigit numbers. [3.G.5, 3.G.6, 3.G.7, 4.MD.3, 4.NBT.5, 4.OA.3, 5.NBT.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6] (N3)	[3.0A.7] (N3)	
	4.11.E7. Demonstrate fluency with the division facts for the last six multiplication facts $(24 \div 4, 24 \div 6, 28 \div 4, 28 \div 7, 32 \div 4, 32 \div 8, 42 \div 6, 42 \div 7, 48 \div 6, 48 \div 8, 56 \div 7, 56 \div 8).$ [3.0A.7] (N3)			
		4.11.E8. Determine the unknown number in a multiplication or division sentence relating three whole numbers for the last six facts.[3.0A.4] (N3, A4)		

Key Idea Algebra 1: Identifying Patterns Identify and describe patterns and relationships, including how a change in one variable relates to a change in a second variable.

Expectations

UNIT 1	UNIT 5	UNIT 10	UNIT 13
4.1.E1. Name variables in an investigation and list appropriate values for each. [3.MD.3, 6.SP.1] [MP1, MP2, MP3] (D1, A1)	4.5.E1. Represent the variables and procedures of an investigation in a drawing. [6.SP.1] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP6] (D2, A1)	4.10.E1. Name variables (manipulated, responding, and fixed) in an investigation. [6.EE.9] [MP1, MP4, MP5, MP6] (D1, A1)	4.13.E1. Identify and extend patterns for increasing and decreasing functions. [4.0A.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP7, MP8]
4.1.E2. Distinguish between	4.5.E10. Identify and extend		(N1, A1)
categorical and numerical variables. [6.SP.1] [MP1] (D1, A1)	multiplicative patterns. [4.OA.1, 4.OA.2] [MP2, MP4, MP7, MP8] (N1, A1)		4.13.E3. Generate a pattern from a rule. [4.0A.5] [MP1, MP2, MP7, MP8] (N1, A1)

Key Idea Algebra 2: Tables and Graphs Represent patterns and relationships with graphs, tables, and diagrams.

UNIT 1	UNIT 2	UNIT 5	UNIT 10
4.1.E3. Make a bar graph using categorical data. [MP4] (D2, A2)	4.2.E1. Make a point graph. [5.G.2] [MP4] (D2, A2)	4.5.E2. Collect and organize data in a table. [MP1, MP2, MP5, MP6]	4.10.E2. Make a point graph using ordered pairs with decimal values.
4.1.E4. Make a bar graph using	4.2.E2. Read a table or graph to find	(D2, A2)	[5.G.1, 5.G.2] [MP1, MP4, MP5, MP61 (D2, A2)
4 1 E5 Make a point graph using	information about a data set. [MP4, MP71 (D3, A2)	4.5.E3. Make a point graph. [5.G.2] IMP4. MP51 (D2. A2)	
ordered pairs. [5.G.2] [MP4] (D2, A2)	4.2.E3. Model real-world situations with tables and point graphs. [5.G.2] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5] (D4, A2)	4.5.E4. Draw a best-fit line. [6.SP.2] [MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8] (D2, A2)	
		4.5.E11. Represent patterns and functions using words, tables, and symbols. [4.OA.5] [MP2, MP4, MP7, MP8] (N1, A2, A3)	
UNIT 13			

4.13.E2. Represent patterns and functions using words, symbols, tables, and graphs. [4.OA.4] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP7, MP8] (N1, A2, A3)
4.13.E9. Represent the variables and procedures of an investigation in a

drawing. [6.EE.9] [MP1, MP4, MP5, MP6] (D2, A2) 4.13.E10. Make point graphs and draw best-fit lines for increasing and decreasing functions. [5.G.1, 5.G.2]

[MP1, MP4, MP5, MP6] (D2, A2) 4.13.E11. Tell the story represented in a graph or table. [4.0A.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8] (D2, A2) Key Idea Algebra 3: Symbols Represent patterns and relationships with symbols (includes using variables in formulas and as unknowns in equations).

Expectations

UNIT 4	UNIT 5	UNIT 6	UNIT 8
4.4.E1. Show that different partitions of the same number are equal using base-ten pieces, number lines, and number sentences (e.g.,	4.5.E11. Represent patterns and functions using words, tables, and symbols. [4.0A.5] [MP2, MP4, MP7, MP8] (N1, A2, A3)	4.6.E3. Represent large numbers (to the millions) using place value charts, number lines, and number sentences (e.g.,	4.8.E6. Write number sentences from area models of fractions (e.g., $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{6}, \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3} \times 3$). [4.NF.3] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP7]
200 + 30 + 7 = 200 + 20 + 17). [4.NBT.1, 4.NBT.2] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP7] (N1, A3)	4.5.E13. Determine the unknown number in a multiplication or division sentence relating three whole numbers for the last six facts.[3.0A.7] (N3, A3)	10,705 = 10,000 + 700 + 5). [4.NBT.2] [MP2, MP3] (N1, A3)	(N1, A3)
UNIT 9	UNIT 13		
4.9.E1. Use addition and subtraction to find unknown angles. [4.MD.7] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5] (N2, A3, A4)	4.13.E2. Represent patterns and functions using words, symbols, tables, and graphs. [4.0A.4] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP7, MP8] (N1, A2, A3)		

Key Idea Algebra 4: Using Patterns Apply relationships, properties, and patterns to solve problems, develop generalizations, or make predictions.

	Expec	tations	
UNIT 1	UNIT 3	UNIT 5	UNIT 6
4.1.E7. Read a table or graph to find information about a data set. [MP4, MP7] (D3, A4)	4.3.E7. Solve multiplication problems using 0 and 1 as factors (applying the multiplication properties of 0	4.5.E7. Make predictions and generalizations using tables and graphs. [4.NBT.3] [MP1, MP6]	4.6.E5. Use patterns to make predictions and generalizations. [4.0A.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP7]
4.1.E8. Model real-world situations with bar and point graphs. [5.G.2] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5] (D4, A4)	 And T. [4.0A.3, 4.NB1.3] [MP1, MP2] (N2, A4) 4.3.E8. Use turn-around facts 	4.5.E8. Make predictions and generalizations using medians and	(N1, A4)
4.1.E9. Make predictions and generalizations about a data set using a median. [MP2, MP4, MP5]	- to solve multiplication problems (applying the commutative property of multiplication). [4.NBT.5] [MP1, MP2] (N2, A4)	means. [MP2, MP4, MP5] (D4, A4)	
4.1.E10. Make predictions and generalizations about a data set using a data table and graph. [MP2, MP4, MP5] (D4, A4)	4.3.E9. Break products into the sum of simpler products to solve multiplication problems (applying the distributive property of multiplication over addition). [4.NBT.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3] (N2, A4)		
UNIT 7	UNIT 8	UNIT 9	UNIT 10
		••••••	
4.7.E3. Demonstrate understanding of the place value concepts and mathematical properties involved in operations with multidigit numbers (e.g., use the distributive property to multiply). [4.NBT.4, 4.NBT.5] [MP1, MP2, MP6] (N2, A4)	4.8.E11. Multiply fractions by a whole number (e.g., $\frac{1}{3} \times 3 = 1, \frac{2}{3} \times 6 = \frac{1}{3} \times 6 \times 2$). [4.NF.4] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5] (N2, A4)	4.9. E1. Use addition and subtraction to find unknown angles. [4.MD.7] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5] (N2, A3, A4)	4.10.E3. Make predictions and generalizations from line graphs involving decimal values. [4.0A.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8] (D4, A4)
4.7.E3. Demonstrate understanding of the place value concepts and mathematical properties involved in operations with multidigit numbers (e.g., use the distributive property to multiply). [4.NBT.4, 4.NBT.5] [MP1, MP2, MP6] (N2, A4) UNIT 11	4.8.E11. Multiply fractions by a whole number (e.g., $\frac{1}{3} \times 3 = 1, \frac{2}{3} \times 6 = \frac{1}{3} \times 6 \times 2$). [4.NF.4] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5] (N2, A4) UNIT 12	4.9. E1. Use addition and subtraction to find unknown angles. [4.MD.7] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5] (N2, A3, A4) UNIT 13	4.10.E3. Make predictions and generalizations from line graphs involving decimal values. [4.0A.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8] (D4, A4)
4.7.E3. Demonstrate understanding of the place value concepts and mathematical properties involved in operations with multidigit numbers (e.g., use the distributive property to multiply). [4.NBT.4, 4.NBT.5] [MP1, MP2, MP6] (N2, A4) UNIT 11 4.11.E1. Demonstrate understanding of the place value concepts and mathematical properties involved in multiplication	4.8.E11. Multiply fractions by a whole number (e.g., $\frac{1}{3} \times 3 = 1$, $\frac{2}{3} \times 6 = \frac{1}{3} \times 6 \times 2$). [4.NF.4] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5] (N2, A4) UNIT 12 4.12.E3. Show connections between multiplication and division (e.g., fact families, using multiplication to divide). [4.NTB.6] [MP1, MP2]	4.9. E1. Use addition and subtraction to find unknown angles. [4.MD.7] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5] (N2, A3, A4) UNIT 13 4.13.E5. Use the relationship between larger and smaller units of measure to solve problems. [4.MD.1, 4.MD.2] [MP1, MP2, MP6] (M1, A4)	4.10.E3. Make predictions and generalizations from line graphs involving decimal values. [4.0A.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8] (D4, A4)

Ke	y I	dea	Geo	ome	try 1	l: Sł	lapes	Identify	, describe	, classify	, and a	nalyze 2	- and 3-	dimensional	shapes	based	on
the	ir pr	operi	ties.														

Expectations						
UNIT 9						
4.9.E2. Classify acute, obtuse, and right angles. [4.MD.7] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5] (G1)						
4.9.E3. Identify points, rays, lines, and line segments. [4.G.2] [MP3, MP4, MP6] (G1)						
4.9.E4. Draw and identify intersecting, perpendicular, and parallel lines. [4.G.1] [MP1, MP6] (G1)						
4.9.E5. Describe and analyze 2-dimensional shapes based on their properties (e.g., number and length of sides, number and size of angles, relationships between sides). [4.G.2, 5.G.3, 5.G.4] [MP1, MP3, MP6] (G1)						
4.9.E6. Classify 2-dimensional shapes using their properties. [4.G.2, 5.G.4] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5] (G1)						
Key Idea Geometry 2: Orientation and Location Use coordinate systems to specify locations and describe						
UNIT 9						
4.9.E9. Identify slides, flips, and turns of shapes. [4.G.3, 8.G.4] [MP1] (G3, G2)						

Key Idea Geometry 3: Motion Apply transformations (slides, flips, and turns) and use symmetry to analyze mathematical situations.

Expectations UNIT 9 4.9. E7. Identify line (reflective) symmetry. [4.G.3] [MP1] (G3) 4.9.E8. Identify congruent shapes. [4.G.2, 8.G.4] [MP1] (G3) 4.9.E9. Identify slides, flips, and turns of shapes. [4.G.3, 8.G.4] [MP1] (G3, G2) Key Idea Geometry 4: Geometric Reasoning Use visualization, spatial reasoning, and geometric modeling to solve problems. UNIT 2 UNIT 9 4.2.E4. Recognize and generalize 4.9.E10. Justify conclusions using geometric relationships in problems geometric properties. [5.G.4] [MP1, involving the area and perimeter MP3, MP6] (G4) of rectangles. [4.MD.3, 3.MD.5, 3.MD.6, 3.MD.7, 3.MD.8] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP8] (G4) 4.2.E5. Make shapes (polygons) with given measurements (width, perimeter, or area). [3.MD.7, 3.MD.8] [MP3] (G4)

Key Idea Measurement 1: Measurement Concepts Understand measurable attributes of objects or situations (length, area, mass, volume, size, time) and the units, systems, and processes of measurement.

Expectations

UNIT 9	UNIT 13
4.9.E11. Estimate the size of an	4.13.E5. Use the relationship
angle using 90°, 180°, and 360° as	between larger and smaller units
benchmarks. [4.MD.5] [MP2, MP5,	of measure to solve problems.
MP6] (M1)	[4.MD.1, 4.MD.2] [MP1, MP2, MP6]
	(M1, A4)

Key Idea Measurement 2: Measurement Skills Use measurement tools, appropriate techniques, and formulas to determine measurements.

UNIT 2	UNIT 5	UNIT 9	UNIT 10
4.2.E6. Find the perimeter of rectangles and irregular shapes by counting units and adding. [3.MD.7, 3.MD.8] (M2)	4.5.E9. Measure length in centimeters. [4.MD.2] [MP5] (M2)	4.9.E12. Use a protractor to measure and draw angles to the nearest degree. [4.MD.6] [MP5] (M2)	4.10.E4. Measure length to the nearest meter and hundredth of a meter (centimeter). [2.MD.1, 2.MD.2, 4.MD.1] [MP1, MP5, MP6] (M2)
4.2.E7. Find the area of rectangles and irregular shapes by counting, adding, or multiplying. [3.MD.7, 3.MD.8] (M2)			
UNIT 13			
4.13.E6. Measure volume by displacement to the nearest cubic centimeter. [4.MD.1, 4.MD.2] [MP1, MP5, MP6] (M2)			
4.13.E7. Estimate the volume of small objects. [3.MD.2, 4.MD.1, 4.MD.2, 5.MD.3] [MP1, MP2, MP5, MP6] (M2)			
4.13.E8. Measure mass to the nearest gram. [3.MD.2, 4.MD.1, 4.MD.2] [MP4, MP5] (M2)			

Key Idea Data 1: Data Collection Select, collect, and organize data to answer questions, solve problems, and make predictions.

Expectations

UNIT 1	UNIT 10
4.1.E1. Name variables in an investigation and list appropriate values for each. [3.MD.3, 6.SP.1] [MP1, MP2, MP3] (D1, A1)	4.10.E1. Name variables (manipulated, responding, and fixed) in an investigation. [6.EE.9] [MP1, MP4, MP5, MP6] (D1, A1)
4.1.E2. Distinguish between categorical and numerical variables. [6.SP.1] [MP1] (D1, A1)	

Key Idea Data 2: Data Representation Select and create appropriate representations, including tables and graphs, for organizing, displaying, and analyzing data.

UNIT 1	UNIT 2	UNIT 5	UNIT 10	
4.1.E3. Make a bar graph using categorical data. [MP4] (D2, A2)	4.2.E1. Make a point graph. [5.G.2] [MP4] (D2, A2)	4.5.E1. Represent the variables and procedures of an investigation in a	4.10.E2. Make a point graph using ordered pairs with decimal values.	
4.1.E4. Make a bar graph using numerical data. [MP4] (D2, A2)		drawing. [6.SP.1] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP6] (D2, A1)	[5.G.1, 5.G.2] [MP1, MP4, MP5, MP6] (D2, A2)	
4.1.E5. Make a point graph using ordered pairs. [5.G.2] [MP4]		4.5.E2. Collect and organize data in a table. [MP1, MP2, MP5, MP6] (D2, A2)		
		4.5.E3. Make a point graph. [5.G.2] [MP4, MP5] (D2, A2)		
		4.5.E4. Draw a best-fit line. [6.SP.2] [MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8] (D2, A2)		
UNIT 13				
4.13.E9. Represent the variables and procedures of an investigation in a drawing. [6.EE.9] [MP1, MP4, MP5, MP6] (D2, A2)				
4.13.E10. Make point graphs and draw best-fit lines for increasing and decreasing functions. [5.G.1, 5.G.2] [MP1, MP4, MP5, MP6] (D2, A2)				
4.13.E11. Tell the story represented in a graph or table. [4.0A.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8] (D2, A2)				

Key Idea Data 3: Data Description Describe a data set by interpreting graphs, identifying patterns, and using statistical measures; e.g., average and range.

Expectations							
UNIT 1	UNIT 2	UNIT 5					
4.1.E6. Find the median of a data set represented in a table, graph, or line plot. [6.SP.5] [MP4] (D3)	4.2.E2. Read a table or graph to find information about a data set. [MP4, MP7] (D3, A2)	4.5.E5. Find the median of a data set. [4.MD.4, 6.SP.5] [MP2, MP4] (D3)					
4.1.E7. Read a table or graph to find information about a data set. [MP4, MP7] (D3, A4)	-	4.5.E6. Find the mean of a data set using manipulatives and numerical procedures. [4.0A.3, 6.SP.5] [MP2, MP4] (D3)					

Key Idea Data 4: Using Data Apply relationships and patterns in data to solve problems, develop generalizations, and make predictions.

UNIT 1	UNIT 2	UNIT 5	UNIT 10		
4.1.E8. Model real-world situations with bar and point graphs. [5.G.2] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5] (D4, A4)	4.2.E3. Model real-world situations with tables and point graphs. [5.G.2] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5] (D4, A2)	4.5.E7. Make predictions and generalizations using tables and graphs. [4.NBT.3] [MP1, MP6]	4.10.E3. Make predictions and generalizations from line graphs involving decimal values. [4.0A.5]		
4.1.E9. Make predictions and generalizations about a data set using a median. [MP2, MP4, MP5] (D4, A4)		(D4, A4) 4.5.E8. Make predictions and generalizations using medians and means. [MP2, MP4, MP5] (D4, A4)	_ [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8] (D4, A4)		
4.1.E10. Make predictions and generalizations about a data set using a data table and graph. [MP2, MP4, MP5] (D4, A4)					
UNIT 13					
4.13.E12. Make predictions and generalizations using data tables and graphs. [4.0A.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3 ,MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8] (D4, A4)					

Notes

Notes

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