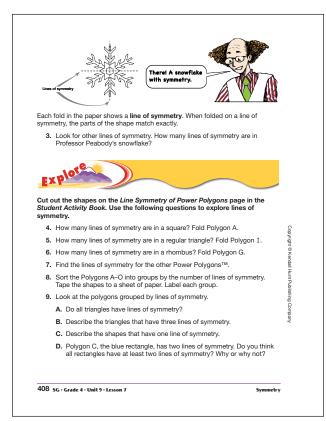


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\*Answers and/or discussion are included in the lesson.

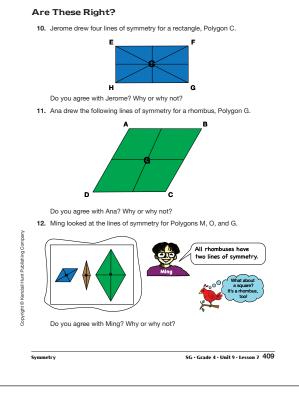
## Questions 1-18 (SG pp. 407-411)

- 1. There will be half a snowflake cut out of the top half of the paper. The half snowflake will be symmetrical on each side of the vertical fold.
- **2.** A whole snowflake that is symmetrical on the vertical fold and the horizontal fold. Symmetrical means both sides meet up exactly when folded.
- **3.** There are six lines of symmetry.
- **4.\*** Four lines of symmetry. See Figure 2 in the lesson.
- **5.\*** Three lines of symmetry. See Figure 2.
- **6.\*** Two lines of symmetry. See Figure 2.
- **7.\*** See Figure 2.
- 8.\* See Figure 2.
- **9. A.** No, The orange triangle (L) does not have any lines of symmetry.
  - **B.** The triangles that have three lines of symmetry have three equal sides.
  - **C.** The shapes that have one line of symmetry all have two sides that are the same length.
  - **D.** Yes, I think all rectangles have at least two lines of symmetry. Squares are also rectangles and they have four lines of symmetry. I drew a few other rectangles and they all had two lines of symmetry.

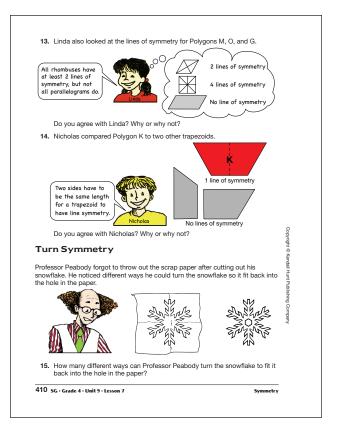
TG • Grade 4 • Unit 9 • Lesson 7 • Answer Key

## Answer Key • Lesson 7: Symmetry

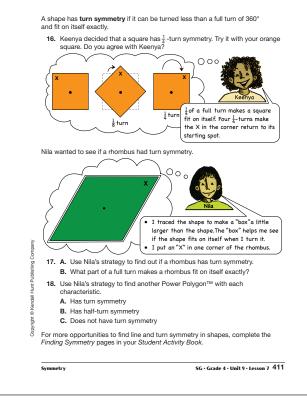
- **10.** I do not agree with Jerome. GF and EH are not lines of symmetry. The triangles do not line up exactly with each other when I fold the rectangle.
- **II.** I do not agree with Ana. The green rhombus does not fold onto itself on the lines she drew.
- 12. Yes. I drew a few other rhombuses and they each had two lines of symmetry. But a square is also a rhombus and it has four lines of symmetry. So Ming is sort of right. All rhombuses have two or more lines of symmetry.
- **13.** I agree with Linda. I tried to draw a line of symmetry on a parallelogram that was not a rhombus. The shapes did not match exactly.
- 14. I agree with Nicholas. The trapezoids that do not have two sides that are the same length will not have line symmetry. I would improve what Nicholas said by saying opposite sides that are not parallel must be the same length for the trapezoid to have line symmetry.
- **15.** Professor Peabody can turn the snowflake 6 different ways.







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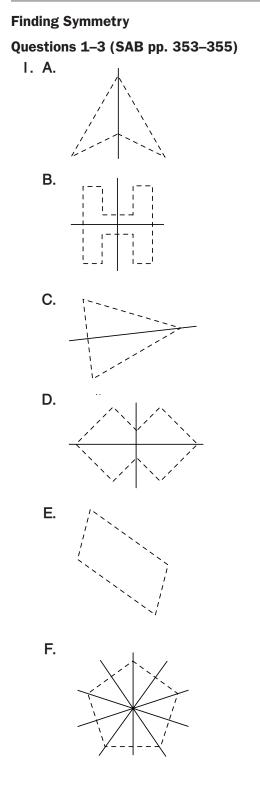


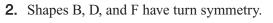
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- **16.** Yes, I agree with Keenya. The square turns a  $\frac{1}{4}$  turn and ends up back on itself.
- **I7 A.** Yes, a rhombus has turn symmetry.
  - **B.** Half turn or 180° turn.
- 18. Answers will vary. Possible answer given.
  - **A.** The rhombuses, rectangle, regular triangles, squares, and hexagon have turn symmetry. (Polygons A, B, C, G, H, I, M, N, O)
  - **B.** The rhombuses and non-square rectangle have half-turn symmetry. (Polygons C, G, M, O)
  - **C.** Triangles D, J, E, F, and L and Trapezoid K do not have rotational symmetry.

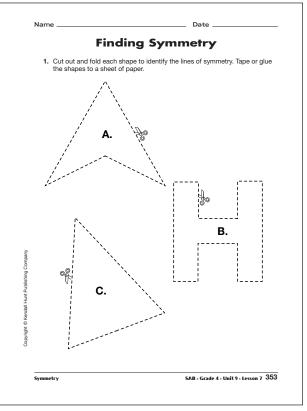
## Answer Key • Lesson 7: Symmetry

## **Student Activity Book**

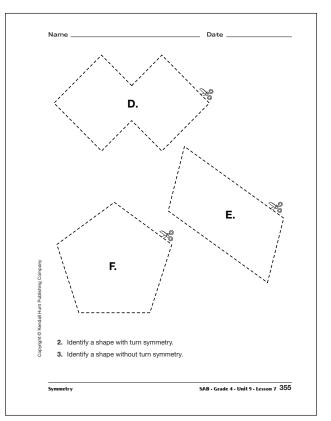




**3.** Shapes A, C, and E do not have turn symmetry.



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