

Homework

Questions 1–4 (SG p. 421)

1. A. A, E, I, J
 B. A, E, I, J
 C. A, B, E, F, G, I
 D. C, F, G, H
2. B, E, F
3. I
4. Heptagons have seven straight sides.

Homework

Use these shapes to answer the questions below.

1. For each property below, list all the shapes that have that property:
 - A. At least one right angle
(Hint: Use the corner of a piece of paper to check the size of the angles.)
 - B. At least two sides are perpendicular
 - C. Two parallel sides (or more)
 - D. The shape has all obtuse angles
2. Which shapes are hexagons?
3. Which shape is a parallelogram?
4. Shapes A, D, and H are heptagons. All the other shapes are not heptagons. Name one property of heptagons.

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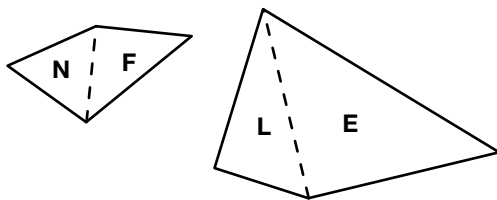
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Properties of Shapes

Questions 1–5 (SAB pp. 365–369)

1. A. A, B, D, E, F, and G should be circled.
 B. Quadrilaterals have four straight sides and four corners.
 C. H is not a quadrilateral because its sides are not straight.
 D. Shapes will vary. Possible shapes:



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Name _____ Date _____

Properties of Shapes

1. Each of these shapes is a quadrilateral.

None of these shapes is a quadrilateral:

 - A. Circle each shape below that is a quadrilateral.
 - B. How can you identify a quadrilateral? List properties of quadrilaterals.
 - C. Explain why Shape H is or is not a quadrilateral.
 - D. Make a quadrilateral. Use 2 or more different Power Polygons™. Draw the outside edges of the shape.

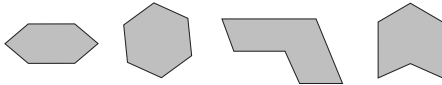
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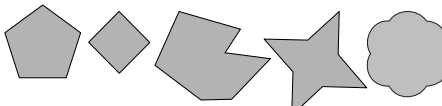
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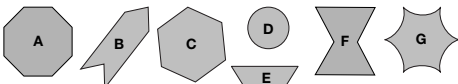
2. Each of these shapes is a **hexagon**.



None of these shapes is a hexagon:



A. Circle each shape below that is a hexagon.



B. List properties of hexagons.

C. Explain why Shape F is or is not a hexagon.

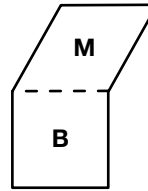
D. Make a hexagon. Use 2 or more different Power Polygons™. Draw the outside edges of the shape.

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2. A. B, C, and F should be circled.
- B. Hexagons have six straight sides and six corners.
- C. F is a hexagon because it has 6 straight sides.
- D. Shapes will vary. Possible shape:

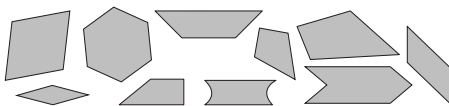


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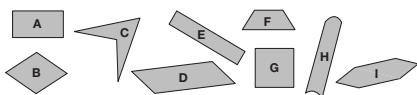
3. Each of these shapes is a **rectangle**.



None of these shapes is a rectangle:



A. Circle each shape below that is a rectangle.



B. List properties of rectangles.

C. Explain why Shape D is or is not a rectangle.

D. Make a rectangle. Use 2 or more different Power Polygons™. Draw the outside edges of the shape.

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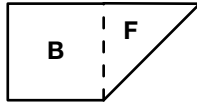
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3. A. A, E, and G should be circled.
- B. Rectangles have four straight sides and four right angles. Each side is parallel to the side opposite, and there are two or more lines of symmetry.
- C. D is not a rectangle because its angles are not right angles.
- D. Shapes will vary. Possible shape:



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4. **A.** A and D should be circled.
B. Trapezoids have four straight sides and one pair of parallel opposite sides.
C. A is a trapezoid because it has four straight sides, two of which are parallel.
D. Shapes will vary. Possible shape:



Name _____ Date _____

4. Each of these shapes is a **trapezoid**.

None of these shapes is a trapezoid:

A. Circle each shape below that is a trapezoid.

B. List properties of trapezoids.

C. Explain why Shape A is or is not a trapezoid.

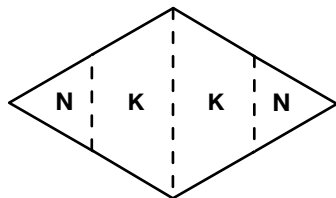
D. Make a trapezoid. Use 2 or more different Power Polygons™. Draw the outside edges of the shape.

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5. **A.** B and G should be circled.
B. Rhombuses have four straight, equal sides, with two pairs of parallel sides. They have 4 angles, and opposite angles are equal. They also have at least two lines of symmetry.
C. F is not a rhombus because its sides are not all equal, it has only one pair of parallel sides, it has only one line of symmetry, and its opposite angles are not equal.
D. Shapes will vary. Possible shape:



Name _____ Date _____

✓ **Check-In: Question 5**

5. Each of these shapes is a **rhombus**:

None of these shapes is a rhombus:

A. Circle each shape below that is a rhombus.

B. List properties of rhombuses. To list a property of a rhombus, it must be true for all rhombuses. Be ready to justify your answers.

C. Explain why Shape F is or is not a rhombus.

D. Make a rhombus. Use 2 or more different Power Polygons™. Draw the outside edges of the shape.

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