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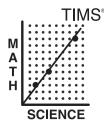


Common Core State Standards

Math Trailblazers Grade 5 Learning Progression

Program Scope and Sequence







The Learning Progression outlines the Key Ideas that guide the Math Trailblazers[®] program. These Key Ideas fall within five strands: Number, Algebra, Geometry, Measurement, and Data. Each Key Idea is listed, followed by a chart that details each unit that addresses that Key Idea. Under each unit number is a list of the specific Math Trailblazers Expectations that correlate with the larger Key Idea. Expectations are also correlated with Common Core State Standards for Mathematics, Standards for Mathematical Practice, and mathematical strands. Together, these elements provide a comprehensive Scope and Sequence for the Math Trailblazers curriculum.

Key Idea Algebra 1: Ide			onships, including how a reange	•	Key Idea: Every grade of the Math Trailblazers program is designed around the same set of Key Ideas. These Key Ideas appear as horizontal
UNIT 1	UNIT 5	UNIT 7	UNIT 9		headers in the Learning Progression.
5,1E1, Name variables in an investigation and list appropriate dates for each, (6,5P,1] (MP1, MP2, MP3, 3,MD.3] (D1, A1)	5.5.5.0. Describe how the change in one variable in an investigation relates to a change in a second variable. (5.0A.3) (MP1, MP3, MP5, MP7) (04, A1)	5.7.E8. Use ratios to solve problems. [5 AF:5] (MP1, MP2, MP5, MP6] (V3, A1) 5.7.E10. Choose appropriate units to measure values (e.g., ength, area, volume, mass); [6,6.1,6.6.2] [MP1, MP5] (M2, A1) 5.7.E11. Represent variables and procedures. [5,0A.3] [MP2, MP4] (01, A1)	5.9.E3. Identity and describe number patterns. (5.0A.3) (MP2, MF7, MP8 (N1, A1)	И	
UNIT 10	UNIT 11	(Expectations: Expectations are listed by unit under
5:10:EE. Explaint the effects of actors less than and greater than on the product of fractions (e.g., the product of 2×3 alonger or marker than 3; (5:N=5) (MP1, MP4, MP7, MP3) (42, A1) 5:10:E8. Add and subtract fractions including house with unlike denominators using areas models and apper-and-puncil methods. [5:NF:1, N=2] (MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5, MP7) (NS, A1)	5.11 £2. Represent the reliaboration between variables as a ratio. [5.04.3, 6.PP1, 6.PP3] (MP1, MP4, MP6, MP7, MP3 (M1, A1) 5.11 £9. Represent the variables and procedures of an investigation in a drawing, 0.521, 6.E £9] (MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP6) (02, A1)			ALGEBRA	the Key Ideas. These Expectations are instead by drift drider the Key Ideas. These Expectations correlate with Key Ideas, but are more specific to the content taught in the listed unit
				` .	Mathematical Strand: The Learning Progression is organized by mathematical strands, which are color-coded and listed vertically along the edge of each page
		Math Trailblazers L	earning Progression 9		

• Correlations: Each Expectation includes a list of codes indicating the correlations to the Common Core State Standards, the Standards for Mathematical Practice, and the mathematical strands.

GRADE 5

Students use multiple representations and real-world contexts to continue to support their development of fraction concepts and operations. They use graphs, tables, and stories to interpret ratios—a fraction as a multiplicative relationship between two numbers. Students use these relationships to make generalizations, problem solve, and compare units of measure. Students continue to develop and apply a variety of strategies for solving multistep problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division. They extend these whole number and fractional representations, strategies, and procedures to models of decimals. Students classify two-dimensional shapes using properties

- Unit 1 Populations and Samples
- Unit 2 Fractions
- Unit 3 Big Numbers
- Unit 4 Estimation and Efficient Communication
- Unit 5 Fractions and Ratios
- Unit 6 Locations and Shapes
- Unit 7 Division and Data
- Unit 8 Decimals
- Unit 9 Factors and Multiples
- Unit 10 Fraction Operations
- **Unit 11** Equivalent Fractions Using Proportions

Key Idea Number 1: Number Sense Understand the base-ten number system, recognize relationships among quantities and numbers, and represent numbers in multiple ways.

Expectations				
UNIT 2	UNIT 3	UNIT 4	UNIT 5	
5.2.E1. Represent and identify fractions (e.g., proper, improper, mixed number) using area models,	5.3.E1. Read and write large numbers (to the billions). [5.NBT.1] [MP2, MP3, MP6] (N1)	5.4. E1. Demonstrate understanding of the place-value concepts and mathematical properties involved in	5.5.E1. Represent and identify fractions and ratios (e.g., proper, improper, mixed number) using	
drawings, number lines, words, symbols, and number sentences. [5.NF.3] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5]	5.3.E2. Compare and order large numbers. [MP2] (N1)	operations with multidigit numbers (e.g., making trades in addition and subtraction, and using the	area models, number lines, tables, graphs, words, and symbols. [5.NF.3] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5] (N1, A3)	
(N1, A3)	5.3.E3. Use strategies to estimate quantities (e.g., rounding, using	distributive property to multiply). [MP1, MP2, MP7] (N1, A4)		
5.2.E2. Recognize that equal fractional parts of a unit whole are the same size (e.g., all fourths of a rectangle are the same size). [MP1, MP2, MP7] (N1)	benchmarks). [MP2, MP3, MP6] (N1) 5.3.E4. Show different partitions of large numbers using a place value chart, number lines and number sentences (e.g., 10,705 = 10,000 +	[101 1, 101 2, 101 7] (101, 747)	5.5.E2. Represent and identify the simplest form of a fraction or ratio using tools (e.g., area models) and multiplication and division strategies. [5.NF.1] [MP1, MP2, MP5] (N1)	
5.2.E3. Identify the unit whole when given a fractional part of a whole. [MP2] (N1)	700 + 5; 40,879 = 4 x 10,000 + 8 x 100 + 7 x 10 + 9). [5.NBT.2] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP6] (N1, A3)			
5.2.E4. Find equivalent fractions using tools (e.g., area models, number lines) and multiplication and division strategies. [5.NF.1] [MP2, MP3, MP5, MP6] (N1, N3, A4)	5.3.E5. Represent numbers with exponents. [5.NBT.2] [MP1, MP2, MP7] (N1)			
5.2.E5. Decompose fractions into the sums of smaller fractions (e.g., $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4}$). [5.NF.1] [MP1, MP2, MP6] (N1, A4)				
5.2.E6. Compare and order fractions using tools (e.g., area models, number lines), benchmarks, and multiplication and division strategies to find common denominators. [5.NF.1] [MP2] (N1)				

Expectations

Key Idea Number 1: Number Sense continued

Expectations					
UNIT 6	UNIT 8	UNIT 9	UNIT 10		
5.6.E1. Represent negative numbers using a number line. [6.NS.6, 5.G.1] [MP1, MP3, MP4, MP5] (N1) 5.6.E2. Solve problems involving negative numbers. [6.NS.6, 5.G.2] [MP1, MP4, MP5] (N1)	5.8.E1. Represent numbers to the thousandths using fractions, decimals, words, area models, base-ten pieces, number lines and expanded form. [5.NBT.3] [MP2, MP4, MP5, MP7] (N1)	5.9.E1. Identify and categorize prime, composite, and square numbers. [4.0A.4, 6.NS.2, 6.NS.3, 6.NS.4] [MP2, MP7, MP8] (N1) 5.9.E2. Identify and find multiples of numbers. [4.0A.4, 5.NF.1] [MP2,	5.10.E1. Identify and find equivalent fractions using tools (e.g., area models, number lines) and multiplication and division strategies. [5.NF.1] [MP4, MP5, MP7] (N1, A3) 5.10.E2. Represent and identify		
[MP1, MP4, MP5] (N1)	MP4, MP5, MP7] (N1) 5.8.E2. Make connections among representations of decimals including fractions, words, area models, base-ten pieces, number lines, and number sentences. [5.NBT.3] [MP2, MP4, MP5, MP7] (N1) 5.8.E3. Compare and order decimals to the thousandths using place value understanding and benchmarks. [5.NBT.3] [MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6] (N1, A3) 5.8.E4. Round decimals using place value understanding. [5.NBT.4] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7] (N1) 5.8.E5. Recognize that in a multidigit number, a digit in one place represents 10 times as much as it represents in the place to its right and $\frac{1}{10}$ of what it represents in the place to its left. [5.NBT.1] [MP2, MP4, MP6, MP7, MP8] (N1) 5.8.E6. Explain the patterns in the number of zeros of the product when multiplying a number by powers of 10, and explain patterns	of numbers. [4.0A.4, 5.NF.1] [MP2, MP7] (N1) 5.9.E3. Identify and describe number patterns. [5.0A.3] [MP2, MP7, MP8] (N1, A1)	5.10.E2. Represent and identify the simplest form of a fraction using tools (e.g., area models) and multiplication and division strategies. [5.NF.1] [MP4, MP5, MP7, MP8] (N1, A4)		
	powers of 10, and explain patterns in the placement of the decimal point when a decimal is multiplied or divided by a power of ten. [5.NBT.2] [MP2, MP4, MP6, MP7, MP8] (N1, A4)				

Key Idea Number 1: Number Sense continued

Expectations

5.11.E1. Represent ratios with words and as fractions. [6.RP.1, 6.RP.3] [MP1, MP4, MP6, MP7, MP8] (N1, A3) 5.11.E2. Represent the relationship

UNIT 11

between variables as a ratio. [5.0A.3, 6.RP.1, 6.RP.3] [MP1, MP4, MP6, MP7, MP8] (N1, A1)

Key Idea Number 2: Operations Understand the meaning of numerical operations and their application for solving problems.

UNIT 2	UNIT 3	UNIT 4	UNIT 7
5.2.E7. Add and subtract fractions ncluding those with unlike lenominators. [5.NF.1] [MP1, MP2,	5.3.E6. Determine the unknown in an equation involving multiple addends. [MP1, MP2] (N2, A4)	5.4.E2. Show connections between models and strategies for multiplication (e.g., demonstrate	5.7.E1. Demonstrate understanding of division of multidigit numbers by one- and two-digit numbers using
MP5] (N2, A3, A4) 5.2.E8. Represent the solution for	5.3.E7. Multiply numbers that are multiples of ten represented as	partial products using a rectangle model for multiplication). [5.NBT.5]	models. [5.NBT.6] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4] (N2)
5.2.E8. Represent the solution for word problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions using visual models and number sentences. [5.NF.2] [MP1, MP2, MP5] (N2, A3)	manipios or torrioprosonitod do	[MP2, MP7] (N2, A4)	5.7.E2. Show connections between models and strategies for multidigit division. [5.NBT.6] [MP1, MP2, MP4] (N2, A4)
	5.3.E8. Estimate products. [MP2, MP6] (N2)		5.7.E3. Interpret remainders from division of multidigit numbers. [5.NBT.6] [MP1, MP2, MP4] (N2)
			5.7.E4. Follow the order of operations (e.g., using parentheses). [5.0A.1] [MP1, MP2, MP6] (N2, A4)

Key Idea Number 2: Operations continued

Expec			
UNIT 8	UNIT 10		
5.8.E7. Add and subtract decimals to the thousandths using models and strategies. [5.NBT.7] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8] (N2)	5.10.E3. Represent addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of fractions with area models, number lines, number sentences, drawings, and stories. [5.NF.2, 5.NF.4, 5.NF.7] [MP1, MP3,		
5.8.E8. Multiply and divide decimals using models and strategies.	MP4, MP5, MP7] (N2, A3)		
[5.NBT.7] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8] (N2)	5.10.E4. Multiply and divide fractions using area models, drawings, and number lines. [5.NF.4, 5.NF.7] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP8] (N2, A3)		
	5.10.E5. Solve word problems involving addition, subtraction, and multiplication of fractions. [5.NF.2, 5.NF.4, 5.NF.6] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5] (N2)		
	5.10.E6. Explain the effects of factors less than and greater than 1 on the product of fractions (e.g., is the product of $\frac{1}{2} \times 3$ larger or smaller than 3). [5.NF.5] [MP1, MP4, MP7, MP8] (N2, A1)		
	5.10.E7. Choose appropriately from among estimation and computation strategies. [5.NF.2] [MP1, MP2, MP5, MP6] (N2)		

Key Idea Number 3: Computation and Estimation Use efficient and flexible procedures to compute accurately and make reasonable estimates.

Expectations				
UNIT 2	UNIT 3	UNIT 4	UNIT 5	
5.2.E4. Find equivalent fractions using tools (e.g., area models, number lines) and multiplication and division strategies. [5.NF.1] [MP2,	5.3.E9. Demonstrate fluency with multiplication and division facts for the 2s and 3s. (N3)	5.4.E3. Add and subtract multidigit numbers using more than one strategy. [MP1, MP2] (N3)5.4.E4. Multiply multidigit numbers	5.5.E3. Find equivalent fractions and ratios using tools (e.g., area models, number lines, tables, graphs) and multiplication and division strategies.	
MP3, MP5, MP6] (N1, N3, A4) 5.2.E9. Use benchmark fractions		using mental math and paper- and-pencil methods (expanded	[5.NF.1] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP6] (N3, A4)	
to estimate sums and differences and assess the reasonableness of answers. [MP1, MP2, MP5, MP6]		form, rectangle model, all-partials, compact). [5.NBT.5] [MP2, MP4] (N3)	5.5.E4. Use ratios to solve problems. [5.NF.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP7] (N3)	
(N3) 5.2.E10. Demonstrate fluency		5.4.E5. Estimate sums, differences, and products. [MP2, MP6] (N3)	5.5.10. Demonstrate fluency with the multiplication and division facts for the square numbers. (N3)	
with the multiplication and division facts for the 5s and 10s. [5.NBT.5, 5.NBT.6] (N3)		5.4.E6. Choose appropriately from among mental math, estimation, and paper-and-pencil methods to find sums, differences, and products. [5.NBT.5] [MP1, MP2, MP6] (N3)		
		5.4.E7. Solve multistep problems using addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. [5.NBT.5, 5.NBT.6] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4] (N3, A4)		
		5.4.E10. Demonstrate fluency with multiplication and division facts for the nines. (N3)		

Key Idea Number 3: Computation and Estimation continued

Expectations					
UNIT 6	UNIT 7	UNIT 8	UNIT 9		
5.6.E3. Use ratios to solve scale and distance problems. [5.NF.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP7] (N3, A4)	5.7.E5. Estimate quotients for division of multidigit numbers by one- and two-digit numbers. [5.NBT.6] [MP2, MP6] (N3)	 5.8.E9. Estimate sums, differences, products, and quotients involving decimals and fractions. [5.NBT.7] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8] (N3) 5.8.E13. Demonstrate fluency with the multiplication and division facts. [5.NBT.5, 5.NBT.6] (N3) 	5.9.E4. Use variables in formulas to represent number patterns and make predictions. [5.0A.3] [MP2, MP7] (N3)		
5.6.E8. Demonstrate fluency with the multiplication and division facts for the last six facts (4 x 6, 4 x 7, 4 x 8, 6 x 7, 6 x 8, 7 x 8). [5.NBT.5, 5.NBT.6] (N3)	5.7.E6. Divide numbers that are multiples of ten. [5.NBT.1] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP8] (N3)		5.9.E5. Find all the factors of a number for numbers between 1 and 100. [4.0A.4, 6.NS.2, 6.NS.3, 6.NS.4] [MP2, MP6, MP7] (N3)		
	5.7.E7. Divide multidigit numbers by one- and two-digit divisors using paper and pencil. [5.NBT.6] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP6] (N3)		5.9.E6. Find the prime factorization of a number. [4.0A.4, 6.NS.4] [MP2, MP6, MP7, MP8] (N3)		
	5.7.E8. Use ratios to solve problems. [5.NF.5] [MP1, MP2, MP5, MP6] (N3, A1)		5.9.E7. Use order of operations to make calculations that involve exponents and the use of		
	5.7.E15. Demonstrate fluency with the multiplication and division facts for the last six facts (4 x 6, 4 x 7, 4 x 8, 6 x 7, 6 x 8, 7 x 8). [5.NBT.5, 5.NBT.6] (N3)		parentheses. [5.0A.1, 5.0A.2] [MP1, MP2, MP6] (N3, A3)		

Key Idea Number 3: Computation and Estimation continued

Expect			
UNIT 10	UNIT 11		
5.10.E8. Add and subtract fractions including those with unlike denominators using area models and paper-and-pencil methods. [5.NF.1, 5.NF.2] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5, MP7] (N3, A1)	5.11.E3. Find equivalent fractions and ratios using a variety of strategies (e.g., using models, using multiplication and division, using graphs and tables). [5.NF.1, 6.RP.3] [MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7,		
5.10.E9. Estimate sums and differences of fractions using benchmarks and mental math strategies. [5.NF.2] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5, MP6] (N3, A4)	MP8] (N3, A2) 5.11.E4. Use ratios and proportions to solve problems. [5.0A.3, 6.RP.3] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP7, MP8] (N3, A4)		
5.10.E10. Find common denominators and use them to add, subtract, and compare fractions. [5.NF.1] [MP2, MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8] (N3)			

Key Idea Algebra 1: Identifying Patterns Identify and describe patterns and relationships, including how a change in one variable relates to a change in a second variable.

	Expec	tations	
UNIT 1	UNIT 5	UNIT 7	UNIT 9
5.1.E1. Name variables in an investigation and list appropriate values for each. [6.SP.1] [MP1, MP2,	5.5.E9. Describe how the change in one variable in an investigation relates to a change in a second variable. [5.0A.3] [MP1, MP3, MP5, MP7] (D4, A1)	5.7.E8. Use ratios to solve problems. [5.NF.5] [MP1, MP2, MP5, MP6] (N3, A1)	5.9.E3. Identify and describe number patterns. [5.0A.3] [MP2, MP7, MP8] (N1, A1)
MP3, 3.MD.3] (D1, A1)		5.7.E10. Choose appropriate units to measure variables (e.g., length, area, volume, mass). [6.G.1, 6.G.2] [MP1, MP5] (M2, A1)	
		5.7.E11. Represent variables and procedures. [5.0A.3] [MP2, MP4] (D1, A1)	
UNIT 10	UNIT 11		
5.10.E6. Explain the effects of factors less than and greater than 1 on the product of fractions (e.g., is the product of $\frac{1}{2} \times 3$ larger or smaller than 3). [5.NF.5] [MP1, MP4,	5.11.E2. Represent the relationship between variables as a ratio. [5.0A.3, 6.RP.1, 6.RP.3] [MP1, MP4, MP6, MP7, MP8] (N1, A1)		
MP7, MP8] (N2, A1)	5.11.E9. Represent the variables and procedures of an investigation		
5.10.E8. Add and subtract fractions including those with unlike denominators using area models and paper-and-pencil methods. [5.NF.1, 5.NF.2] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5, MP7] (N3, A1)	in a drawing. [6.SP.1, 6.EE.9] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP6] (D2, A1)		

Key Idea Algebra 2: Tables and Graphs Represent patterns and relationships with graphs, tables, and diagrams.

Expectations				
UNIT 1	UNIT 5	UNIT 7	UNIT 8	
5.1.E3. Make a bar graph using categorical data. [MP4] (D2, A2)	5.5.E7. Make a point graph and draw a best-fit line. [5.G.2, 5.0A.3]	5.7.E12. Make a point graph and draw a best-fit line. [5.G.2] [MP4,	5.8.E10. Use data tables and graphs to organize and display data	
5.1.E4. Make a line plot or bar graph using numerical data. [5.MD.1] [MP4] (D2, A2)	[MP1, MP4, MP7] (D2, A2)	MP7] (D2, A2)	involving decimal values. [5.G.2] [MP4, MP5, MP6] (D2, A2)	
UNIT 9	UNIT 11			
5.9.E8. Represent number patterns using words, tables, and graphs. [5.OA.3] [MP1, MP4, MP5, MP6] (D2, A2)	5.11.E3. Find equivalent fractions and ratios using a variety of strategies (e.g., using models, using multiplication and division, using graphs and tables). [5.NF.1, 6.RP.3] [MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8] (N3, A2)			
	5.11.E10. Collect and organize data into a table and line graph to represent the relationship between variables. [5.0A.3] [MP4, MP5, MP6] (D2, A2)			
	5.11.E11. Make point graphs and draw best-fit lines to represent ratios and proportional relationships. [6.RP.3] [MP4, MP5, MP6] (D2, A2)			

Key Idea Algebra 3: Symbols Represent patterns and relationships with symbols (includes using variables in formulas and as unknowns in equations)._____

Expectations

Expositions				
UNIT 2	UNIT 3	UNIT 5	UNIT 8	
5.2.E1. Represent and identify fractions (e.g., proper, improper, mixed number) using area models, drawings, number lines, words, symbols, and number sentences. [5.NF.3] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5] (N1, A3)	5.3.E4. Show different partitions of large numbers using a place value chart, number lines and number sentences (e.g., $10,705 = 10,000$ + $700 + 5$; $40,879 = 4 \times 10,000$ + $8 \times 100 + 7 \times 10 + 9$). [5.NBT.2] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP6] (N1, A3)	5.5.E1. Represent and identify fractions and ratios (e.g., proper, improper, mixed number) using area models, number lines, tables, graphs, words, and symbols. [5.NF.3] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5] (N1, A3)	5.8.E3. Compare and order decimals to the thousandths using place value understanding and benchmarks. [5.NBT.3] [MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6] (N1, A3)	
5.2.E7. Add and subtract fractions including those with unlike denominators. [5.NF.1] [MP1, MP2, MP5] (N2, A3, A4)				
5.2.E8. Represent the solution for word problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions using visual models and number sentences. [5.NF.2] [MP1, MP2, MP5] (N2, A3)				
UNIT 9	UNIT 10	UNIT 11		
5.9.E7. Use order of operations to make calculations that involve exponents and the use of parentheses. [5.0A.1, 5.0A.2] [MP1, MP2, MP6] (N3, A3)	5.10.E1. Identify and find equivalent fractions using tools (e.g., area models, number lines) and multiplication and division strategies. [5.NF.1] [MP4, MP5, MP7] (N1, A3)	5.11.E1. Represent ratios with words and as fractions. [6.RP.1, 6.RP.3] [MP1, MP4, MP6, MP7, MP8] (N1, A3)		
	5.10.E3. Represent addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of fractions with area models, number lines, number sentences, drawings, and stories. [5.NF.2, 5.NF.4, 5.NF.7] [MP1, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP7] (N2, A3)			
	5.10.E4. Multiply and divide fractions using area models, drawings, and number lines. [5.NF.4, 5.NF.7] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP8] (N2, A3)			

Key Idea Algebra 4: Using Patterns Apply relationships, properties, and patterns to solve problems, develop generalizations, or make predictions.

UNIT 1	UNIT 2	UNIT 3	UNIT 4
5.1.E7. Read a table, line plot, or bar graph to find information about a data set. [5.MD.1] [MP4, MP7] (D3, A4) 5.1.E8. Model real-world situations	5.2.E4. Find equivalent fractions using tools (e.g., area models, number lines) and multiplication and division strategies. [5.NF.1] [MP2, MP3, MP5, MP6] (N1, N3, A4)	5.3.E6. Determine the unknown in an equation involving multiple addends. [MP1, MP2] (N2, A4)	5.4.E1. Demonstrate understanding of the place-value concepts and mathematical properties involved in operations with multidigit numbers (e.g., making trades in addition
with tables, line plots, and bar graphs. [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5] (D4, A4)	5.2.E5. Decompose fractions into the sums of smaller fractions (e.g., $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4}$). [5.NF.1] [MP1, MP2,		and subtraction, and using the distributive property to multiply). [MP1, MP2, MP7] (N1, A4)
5.1.E9. Make predictions and generalizations about a data set using a median and mode. [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5] (D4, A4) 5.1.E10. Make predictions and	MP6] (N1, A4) 5.2.E7. Add and subtract fractions including those with unlike denominators. [5.NF.1] [MP1, MP2, MP5] (N2, A3, A4)		5.4.E2. Show connections between models and strategies for multiplication (e.g., demonstrate partial products using a rectangle model for multiplication). [5.NBT.5] [MP2, MP7] (N2, A4)
generalizations about a data set using a data table and graph. [MP2, MP4, MP5] (D4, A4)			5.4.E7. Solve multistep problems using addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. [5.NBT.5, 5.NBT.6] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4] (N3, A4)
			5.4.E8. Use multiplication and division strategies to find the area of rectangles or shapes based on rectangles. [5.MD.3, 5.MD.4, 5.MD.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4] (M2, A4)
			5.4.E9. Use multiplication and division strategies to find the volume of boxes. [5.MD.3, 5.MD.4, 5.MD.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4] (M2, A4)

Expectations

Key Idea Algebra 4: Using Patterns continued

Expectations			
UNIT 5	UNIT 6	UNIT 7	UNIT 8
5.5.E3. Find equivalent fractions and ratios using tools (e.g., area models, number lines, tables, graphs) and multiplication and division strategies. [5.NF.1] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP6] (N3, A4)	5.6.E3. Use ratios to solve scale and distance problems. [5.NF.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP7] (N3, A4)	 5.7.E2. Show connections between models and strategies for multidigit division. [5.NBT.6] [MP1, MP2, MP4] (N2, A4) 5.7.E4. Follow the order of operations (e.g., using parentheses). 	5.8.E6. Explain the patterns in the number of zeros of the product when multiplying a number by powers of 10, and explain patterns in the placement of the decimal point when a decimal is multiplied or
5.5.E6. Convert among different-sized		[5.0A.1] [MP1, MP2, MP6] (N2, A4)	divided by a power of ten. [5.NBT.2] [MP2, MP4, MP6, MP7, MP8] (N1,
standard measurement units within a given measurement system (e.g.,		5.7.E14. Make predictions and generalizations using data tables,	[IVIP2, IVIP4, IVIP0, IVIP7, IVIP0] (IVI, A4)
seconds to hours and feet to yards). [5.MD.1] [MP1, MP2, MP5] (M2, A4)		graphs, and averages. [5.G.2] [MP2, MP4, MP5] (D4, A4)	5.8.E12. Use relationships and patterns in a data set to make
5.5.E8. Make predictions and generalizations using tables and graphs. [5.G.2] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP7] (D4, A4)			claims and predictions. [5.0A.3] [MP1, MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8] (D3, A4)
UNIT 9	UNIT 10	UNIT 11	
5.9.E9. Make predictions and generalizations using data tables and graphs. [5.0A.3] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8]	5.10.E2. Represent and identify the simplest form of a fraction using tools (e.g., area models) and multiplication and division strategies.	5.11.E4. Use ratios and proportions to solve problems. [5.0A.3, 6.RP.3] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP7, MP8] (N3, A4)	
(D3, A4)	 [5.NF.1] [MP4, MP5, MP7, MP8] (N1, A4) 5.10.E9. Estimate sums and differences of fractions using benchmarks and mental math strategies. [5.NF.2] [MP1, MP2, MP4, MP5, MP6] (N3, A4) 	5.11.E12. Use patterns in tables and line graphs to make predictions and solve problems. [5.OA.3, 6.RP.3, 6.NS.8] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8] (D4, A4)	

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Key Idea Geometry 1: Shapes Identify, describe, classify, and analyze 2- and 3-dimensional shapes based on their properties.

ems to specify locations and describe
reasoning, and geometric modeling to

Key Idea Measurement 2: Measurement Skills Use measurement tools, appropriate techniques, and formulas to determine measurements.

	Expectations			
	UNIT 4	UNIT 5	UNIT 7	UNIT 11
5.4.E8. Use multiplication and division strategies to find the area of rectangles or shapes based	5.5.E5. Measure length in inches and yards. [5.MD.2] [MP5] (M2)	5.7.E9. Estimate the area of shapes with curved sides. [6.G.1] [MP1, MP2, MP7] (M2)	5.11.E6. Measure mass to the nearest tenth of a gram. [5.NBT.1] [MP2, MP6] (M2)	
	on rectangles. [5.MD.3, 5.MD.4, 5.MD.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4] (M2, A4)	different-sized standard measurement units within a given measurement system (e.g., seconds to hours and feet to yards). [5.MD.1] me [MP1, MP2, MP5] (M2, A4)	5.7.E10. Choose appropriate units to measure variables (e.g., length, area, volume, mass). [6.G.1, 6.G.2] [MP1, MP5] (M2, A1)	5.11.E7. Measure volume by displacement to the nearest tenth of a cc. [5.NBT.1, 5.MD.4] [MP2, MP6]
	5.4.E9. Use multiplication and division strategies to find the volume of boxes. [5.MD.3, 5.MD.4, 5.MD.5] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4] (M2, A4)			(M2) 5.11.E8. Measure the circumference of a circle to the nearest tenth of a centimeter. [5.NBT.1] [MP2, MP6] (M2)

Key Idea Data 1: Data Collection Select, collect, and organize data to answer questions, solve problems, and make predictions.

Expectations

UNIT 1	UNIT 7
5.1.E1. Name variables in an investigation and list appropriate values for each. [3.MD.3, 6.SP.1] [MP1, MP2, MP3] (D1, A1)	5.7.E11. Represent variables and procedures. [5.0A.3] [MP2, MP4] (D1, A1)
5.1.E2. Represent the variables and the procedures of an investigation with a drawing. [6.SP.1] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP6] (D1)	

Key Idea Data 2: Data Representation Select and create appropriate representations, including tables and graphs, for organizing, displaying, and analyzing data.

UNIT 1	UNIT 5	UNIT 7	UNIT 8
5.1.E3. Make a bar graph using categorical data. [MP4] (D2, A2)	5.5.E7. Make a point graph and draw a best-fit line. [5.G.2, 5.OA.3] [MP1, MP4, MP7] (D2, A2)	5.7.E12. Make a point graph and draw a best-fit line. [5.G.2] [MP4,	5.8.E10. Use data tables and graphs to organize and display data
5.1.E4. Make a line plot or bar graph using numerical data. [5.MD.1] [MP4] (D2, A2)		MP7] (D2, A2)	involving decimal values. [5.G.2] [MP4, MP5, MP6] (D2, A2)
UNIT 9	UNIT 11		
5.9.E8. Represent number patterns using words, tables, and graphs. [5.OA.3] [MP1, MP4, MP5, MP6] (D2, A2)	5.11.E9. Represent the variables and procedures of an investigation in a drawing. [6.SP.1, 6.EE.9] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP5, MP6] (D2, A1)		
	5.11.E10. Collect and organize data into a table and line graph to represent the relationship between variables. [5.0A.3] [MP4, MP5, MP6] (D2, A2)		
	5.11.E11. Make point graphs and draw best-fit lines to represent ratios and proportional relationships. [6.RP.3] [MP4, MP5, MP6] (D2, A2)		

DATA

statistical measures; e.g., average and range.

5.1.E9. Make predictions and

MP2, MP4, MP5] (D4, A4)

MP4, MP5] (D4, A4)

generalizations about a data set

5.1.E10. Make predictions and

generalizations about a data set using a data table and graph. [MP2,

UNIT 11 5.11.E12. Use patterns in tables and line graphs to make predictions and solve problems. [5.0A.3, 6.RP.3, 6.NS.8] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8] (D4, A4)

using a median and mode. [MP1,

Key Idea Data 3: Data Description Describe a data set by interpreting graphs, identifying patterns, and using

Expectations				
UNIT 1	UNIT 7	UNIT 8	UNIT 9	
5.1.E5. Find the median of a data set. [6.SP.5] [MP4] (D3)	5.7.E13. Find the mean and median of a data set. [6.SP.5] [MP2, MP4, MP7, MP8] (D3)	5.8.E11. Describe a data set by interpreting graphs and data tables,	5.9.E9. Make predictions and generalizations using data tables and	
5.1.E6. Find the mode of a data set. [6.SP.5] [MP4] (D3)		identifying patterns, and using the median. [5.G.2, 6.SP.5] [MP2, MP3,	graphs. [5.0A.3] [MP1, MP2, MP3, MP4, MP5, MP6, MP7, MP8] (D3, A4)	
5.1.E7. Read a table, line plot, or bar graph to find information about a data set. [5.MD.1] [MP4, MP7] (D3, A4)		MP4, MP5, MP6] (D3)		
Key Idea Data 4: Using Data Apply relationships and patterns in data to solve problems, develop generalizations, and make predictions.				
UNIT 1	UNIT 5	UNIT 7	UNIT 8	
5.1.E8. Model real-world situations	5.5.E8. Make predictions and	5.7.E14. Make predictions and	5.8.E12. Use relationships and	

5.5.E9. Describe how the change

in one variable in an investigation

variable. [5.0A.3] [MP1, MP3, MP5,

relates to a change in a second

MP7] (D4, A1)

Notes

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